CHICAGO DAILY PRESS AND TRIBUNE.

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PRESS AND TRIBUNE.

TUESDAY MORNING, NOVEMBER 30, 1858.

Why Douglas Went to New Orleans.

There are various surmises as to what led Douglas away to New Orleans at a time he should be on his road to Washington. One is, that he wants to pay off Senator Slidell for his interference in the Illinois election. Another is that the expenses of the campaign exhausted his exchequer, and that he went South to draw the hal yearly rent of his hired slaves, and to sell a lot of niggers to raise the wind. A third guess is, that he wants to get his ropes for the Charleston Convention, and that he intends to convince the fire-eaters that if he is not sound on the goose, on the Dred Scott case, he is all right on filibustering, which is more important to them. Or perhaps he intends to explain away the heresies contained in the Freeport speech, by say that he spoke in a Pickwickian sense, and was only throwing sand in the eyes of the Illinoisans.

There are various other surmises that might be given, but we will only name our own. We guess, that the main cause which took him down the river and away from Washington, at the time Congress was about assembling, was to escape voting or taking sides on certain *test questions that might be raised in Congress*, until after the Illinois Legislature have re elected him to the Senate. He dare not go to Washington—he could not conveniently loiter about Chicago, and New Orleans was as good a place as any other in which to while away the intervening six weeks. He could occupy his leisure "setting stakes," or visiting his Mississippi niggers, or settling with Slidell. After a month thus occupied, he can come up the river and *happen* at Springfield about the time the Legislature is in session. Suppose he had gone on to Washington, he would have hardly sat down in his senatorial chair before the doctrines of his Freeport speech would be up for trial. A slave code for the protection of slaves in the Territory, would have to be voted on; a bill to repeal the English swindle would be thrust under his nose; another perhaps, to admit Kansas into the Union under the Leavenworth Constitution, and a fourth to purge the Senate by turning out the usurpers, Bright and Fitch, and putting in legally and regularly elected Senators to represent the Sovereign State of Indiana would come up for action, and he would be obliged to show his hand on all these. If he voted to please the South on those questions, he would kill himself as dead as a smoked herring, at home; if he went with the Republicans against the Administration—for in Congress a member must go either one side or the other, as there is no middle ground to take—he would furnish a dearly coveted excuse to half a dozen or more of the Egyptian members to bolt him, and refuse to go into joint ballot for his re-election. He dare not give these fellows the least possible apology for opposing him, as they are as brittle as glass, and would repudiate him on the slightest provocation. Hence, his safest course is to stay away from Congress to attend to "important private business" until the crisis is past. We think we have hit the real reason that took him away down to the gulf, the first shot.

Official Vote of the State.

The Springfield *Journal*, of the 27th, contains the official vote of the State, as ascertained by Auditor Hatch. The footings differ very slightly from what we published a few days ago. Our returns were obtained from letters received from the different counties by telegraph, and it is not surprising that slight errors would creep into the figures. The following are the footings as given in the *Journal*:

FOR TREASURER.

James Miller	126,420
A. K. Field	125,609
John Dougherty	5,071
Miller's majority over Fondey, 3,821.	

FOR SUPERINTENDENT OF PUBLIC INSTRUCTION.

Newton Bateman	124,556
Geo. C. French	122,413
Richard Richardson	5,173

Bateman's majority over French, 2,143.

In 1856, for the office of Governor, Bissell's majority over Richardson was 4,729; and for the office of Superintendent of Public Instruction, Powell's majority over St. Mathew was 3,007.

Four Northern Districts.

The severe storm that prevailed in the Northern portions of Illinois on election day, reduced the Republican vote not less than ten thousand, and the Douglas vote perhaps one-third as much. In the southern counties the day was fair and a full vote was cast. Yet the four Republican Congressional Districts polled 15,170 more votes than the five Douglas districts, as a comparison of the total vote in the different districts will show, viz:

Republican Districts.		Douglas Districts.	
1st District	25,628	5th District	25,661
2d "	26,696	6th "	28,114
3d "	26,000	7th "	25,000
4th "	26,000	8th "	30,000
"	26,000	9th "	18,810
Total	130,824	Total	110,085

Excess in the Republican districts, 15,770.

Here is nearly sixteen thousand majority of the votes of the State cast for four out of the nine members, showing that at least 100,000 of the people of Illinois are inevitably disfranchised, or without representation. It was the operation of this same discrimination in favor of the Southern counties over the Northern that elected Lincoln out of an election and the Republicans out of the Legislature and a U. S. Senator.

A National Organ in St. Louis.

It would seem as if the St. Louis *Republican* had lost the favor of some of the leaders of the Nationals of that city. A first class opposition National Democratic journal, is to be started in the first of December. It is to be called the "*Times*," is to be weekly at first, and afterward daily, and will sustain "the Administration of Buchanan."

The First Car Load of Wheat.

The first car load of wheat direct from Chicago, by way of the Chicago, Fort Wayne, Pittsburgh and Pennsylvania Railroad, reached Philadelphia on Wednesday last. It is the pioneer of many thousands of trains of wheat which will leave Chicago for the city of brotherly love.

From Washington.

Mexican Affairs—A Southern League—Post-Master at Columbus, &c.

[Special Dispatch to the New York Times.]

WASHINGTON, Friday, Nov. 26.

Mexico still continues to be an absorbing topic of discussion here. Senor Mata, who has been in Washington asking recognition by the United States as Minister from Juarez, the Constitutional President, is absent from the city at present; but the impression is ground that he will speedily be invited to return and be formally received as Minister.

The gentleman expresses, on behalf of the Juarez Party, the most liberal sentiments towards the United States, and an earnest desire to adopt such measures for the establishment of amicable and friendly relations with us. He acknowledges the absolute necessity of settling the just claims of our citizens against Mexico—to which purpose, in part, he indicates that the immense wealth of the Church will be promptly applied.

He further expressed the readiness of his colleagues to negotiate treaties, opening and providing every desirable inter-sea means of communication for the benefit of the United States on the most favorable terms, and to provide a liberal system of commerce and colonization which shall open the entire country to our trade, and to settlement and development by our people.

It appears that Senor Mata laid this proposition formally befo.e the Administration months ago, but that it has never been acted upon. Meantime, the indiscreet recognition of the Zelaogo Government by Minister Forsyth has remained without disavowal, to bolster up that usurper's pretensions, and to the same degree operate against the Liberals. Mr. Forsyth was deeply "sold" by the Zelaogo party, who betrayed him into the expectation of getting a cession of territory for the United States forthwith.

There is no doubt that Senor Mata truly represents the views and feelings of the Liberals; but can scarcely help questioning whether they have the power to carry out the wise programme above stated. Have not the evils of Mexico become chronic? Has she within her self enough of patriotism and political integrity to establish a stable Government? Or, is the intervention of a foreign power essential to bring order out of the chaos, and hold it in form long enough to acquire solidity?

I am informed that there exists in the Southern States a Southern League—one of whose aims is to augment the supply of negro labor in the planting States. They claim that the States themselves have a perfect right to make laws legalizing and regulating an African free-apprentice system, and that Congress has no power to interfere with, or prohibit it. Starting with this claim, they are now engaged in operating upon the State of Mississippi with a view to securing the enactment of a law under which to immediately carry out a system of African apprenticeship—or "the slave-trade in disguise." If they succeed, we shall have a new contest before Congress in relation to its power to "regulate" this branch of "commerce" by suppressing it altogether.

John Miller has been appointed Postmaster of Columbus, Ohio, vice Sam Medary, who assumes the once difficult *role* of Governor of Kansas. Miller is a personal friend of the Hon. S. S. Cox, of Ohio, and was beheaded when that gentleman took ground against the Lecompton scheme. Subsequently Mr. Cox sustained the English bill, which made his peace with the Administration; and now that he has been re-elected by a very handsome vote, the President avails himself of the first opportunity to restore the misapprehended.

A son in-law of Medary's arrived in town last evening in search of the vacant Postmastership—but was too late.

New York Bank Statement.

The following was the condition of the New York Banks on Saturday last:

Decrease in Loans	$ 87,000
Increase in specie	366,000
Decrease in Circulation	56,000
Decrease in net deposits	1,221,000

RECOVERY OF BOGUS MONEY.—Detectives Slowey and King found nearly $200 000 worth of bills on the bogus "Waubeek Bank," of Nebraska, in the hands of a well known broker of this city, who received it from Mr. Hines, the quasi President of the Bank, as security for an advance of money made to Hines. The broker suspected the bills to be sound when he made the advance. The worthless trash will be destroyed.—*N. Y. Tribune, 25th inst.*

THE CITY.

PERSONAL.—The Hon. John P. Hale arrived in this city yesterday morning, and is a guest at the "Richmond House."

WATER BILLS.—Pay your water bills to-day and save the 10 per cent. which will be charged to-morrow.

PERSONAL.—Hon. J. Wood, Lieut. Governor of Ills.; *Hon.* O. B. Matteson, N. Y.; Hon. J. Miller, State Treasurer; Hon. James Semple, Ills., are at the Tremont House.

POLICE COURT.—Matters were light in yesterday's Police Court, and if they may be taken as a criterion indicate what was probably true, a very quiet Sunday.

POSTPONED.—The party at the Tremont House that was to have taken place last evening has been postponed till Thursday evening, December 2d, on account of the disagreeable state of the weather and streets.

THE ST. ANDREW'S FESTIVAL.—The St. Andrew's Society give their annual festival and the first of the present season at the Tremont House this evening. Matters are in train for a noble and notable affair.

☞ It will be well for all who are in want of Furniture, to keep in mind the sale of John West, commencing this morning. An opportunity like the present has not been offered, where such an assortment of the very best furniture could be obtained at auction.

ORDINATION.—A council will meet to-day, (Tuesday), at 2 o'clock P. M., at the Berean Baptist Church of this city, on Jackson street, between Desplaines and Halsted streets, to consider the propriety of ordaining Isaiah Rider to the Gospel Ministry. Public services will be held in the evening, commencing at 7 o'clock.

ANIMAL REMAINS FOUND.—The body of a small gray mule was found deeply imbedded in the mud deposits of South Wells street, near Adams street, yesterday afternoon. The animal was got out entire, to the great joy of the owner who might have done well to exhibit him, but moved by a pious une politey, preferred to wash him. The mud at that point was about two *deep*, with a soft bottom. The mule was of less than ordinary size. Put that and that *together* in your imagination—we have seen it tried.

BOOK-KEEPING AND PENMANSHIP.—Bell & Sloan's College is fast filling up. The patronago bids fair to exceed that of any previous winter since it was founded.

The evening classes are also very large and enthusiastic, the teachers able and gentlemanly, rooms elegantly appointed and brilliantly lighted. The "Geometrical Penmanship" delights all. Its beauty, simplicity, rapidity of execution, and practicability, render it a general favorite with the public. Ladies only $5 per month and $7 per year. Gentlemen $4 per month and $10 per year.

MRS. MOZART'S CONCERT.—Mrs. Mozart, always a favorite, her talented assistants, Mrs. Mattison, and Messrs. Mozart, Robbins and Currie; the noble Chorus of the Chicago Musical Union, the Great Western Band, and Unger's Orchestra—when was a promise of equal attractions offered a Chicago audience, for one and the same evening. At a combination of splendid and first-class features the Grand Farewell Testimonial Concert offered to Mrs. Mozart for Thursday evening next surpasses anything of the season thus far. The sale of seats commences at Gould's Music Store, Lake street near Dearborn, this morning.

ARCHITECTURAL.—We call the attention of all who are interested in the erection and construction of buildings to the card of Otto H. Matz, Esq., Architect, who has removed his office to the corner of Lake and LaSalle streets, over the Chicago Bank, in Link's iron block. Mr. Matz has since his residence here created some of our noblest and most substantial structures. Such magnificent buildings as the Central Union Depot, on the Lake Shore, the enormous freight and other depots, and John Link's iron block, the richest building ever constructed of that material, are the pride of Chicago and lasting monuments to the skill of the architect.

THE COUNTY RECORDS.—The county has done well in its action conjointly with the city in the enlargement and improvement of the Court House. There remains yet, however, a most important matter to be attended to, and the more imperatively on account of this very cause. The County Records have never yet been in a place of even tolerable security as regards fire, and now that the capacities of the Court House building have been increased, together with the number of office employees beneath the roof, the danger of fire has, of course, been enhanced in proportion. A fire, liable to occur at any time, would in two hours destroy every vestige of the Records of Cook County, and leave them an unextinguishable mass of ruins. It is a matter that deserves attention. Too many interests are involved in the safety of these records to allow any neglect in their safe keeping. They should be stored in apartments beyond all peradventure fire proof, and not as now seemingly so, and all the more injurious from that very false security.

A RARE PHENOMENON.—Yesterday afternoon, about 4 o'clock, the most marked and notable astonishment was caused among our citizens by a phenomenon, the like of which has scarcely been seen in this region since Donati's Comet. Indeed some may have thought at first that the comet itself had returned. The phenomon was first observed near Bull's Head, in the West Division, at about 3h. 4m. 28s., mean time, (that of the Court House, being the meanest in this city) in the western heavens at an angle of from 15 to 30 deg. from the horizon, where at the hour named suddenly appeared a body of surpassing brilliancy. Our scientific friend thinks its diameter may have been from three to four degrees. From the point of its first discovery the intelligence spread most rapidly, and the magnificent spectacle was witnessed by thousands of our citizens, who enjoyed the opportunity of gazing at it for an hour or two thereafter, at first doubtless with surprise, though afterward with actual pleasure.

In fact the only person who manifested any other than the latter sentiment was a shabbily dressed personage who passed at a street crossing, and for the first time catching sight of the celestial stranger, ejaculated a single monosyllable which indicated quite another state of feeling than happiness. This wretch *had a bundle of umbrellas* under his arm. No wonder he wasn't a sun-worshipper.

If the phenomenon appears to-day, we recommend a free use of smoked glass, for the old adage of the copy-books, "To see the sun is pleasant," had become traditional in these parts, up to yesterday P. M.

Sad Affair in the North Division.

HOMICIDE BY A WOMAN.

FATAL RESULT OF A NEIGHBORLY QUARREL.

A MOTHER AND SON HELD FOR MANSLAUGHTER.

On Friday night last, an affair of the nature of a fight took place in the extreme north ern limits of the city, on Larabee street, near Black Hawk, a locality occupied by German and other foreign born residents. It has been before alluded to by us, but only as a fight. On Sunday night last one of the parties in the melee died of injuries not before believed to be dangerous, which has given the matter a serious complexion, and yesterday caused the arrest of the assailing parties to await the result of inquest, since which they have been committed, to answer to the crime of homicide.

The affair took place on Larabee street, near Clybourne Avenue. The parties are all foreign born. As we were able to glean the best account of the quarrel, the Ultman family and the Wolfs resided near to one another. There had been bad blood between them, and a feud of some months standing.

On Friday afternoon an Ultman was leaving home to go to town, one of the younger Wolfs chanced to be in front of his premises making a loud noise singing or shouting. Ultman angrily ordered him to be still, the boy rejoined saucily, and a quarrel sprang up, in which other members of the Wolf family joined. Ultman was at first the better in the encounter, though suffering some severe treatment from a stick in the hands of Jeremiah Wolff, an elder brother, when suddenly a new feature was introduced by the presence of the maternal Wolff, armed with a hoe, with which instrument she struck him two blows upon the head, bringing down the edge with such good will that each descent broke the skull of the unfortunate man.

He was taken up senseless and carried into his house, where, throughout the time that intervened before his death on Sunday night, he received the attendance of Drs. Henrike and Lange, but without avail for his relief.

He leaves a wife and several children in reduced circumstances. Coroner James summoned a jury of inquest yesterday afternoon, and a full hearing of the case was had, the main facts being elicited as above. No post mortem was held, both attending physicians giving their testimony, which could not fail to connect the death of the unfortunate Ultman with the injuries received on Friday night in the Wolff affair.

The jury rendered their verdict that Ultman came to his death from a hoe in the hands of Gertrude Wolf and a stick in the hands of Jeremiah Wolff. The woman, Ad Wolff her husband, and John Wolff her younger son have been committed to jail on a Coroner's warrant to answer to the charge of homicide. Jeremiah, the elder son, has not yet been arrested.

AN ERIE WAR ON LAKE STREET.—NARROW GUAGE VS. BROAD GUAGE.—Quite a little breeze has within a day or two been astir on Lake st. on the south side of the block between Clark, and Dearborn, growing out of the disposition of certain property owners and their tenants to resist the march of improvement in the hands of City Superintendent Bouton in the way of bringing the sidewalk to grade. On the well established principle of law that this officer has the right so to do, at his own option, it being merely a question of who shall foot the bills. Mr. Bouton had set a force at work to lay an eight foot sidewalk on either side of the improved sidewalk in the centre, to the intersections of Clark and Dearborn streets, and had so laid the same at the east and for a rod or two, when an attack was made upon the same by some of the clothing dealers on the block, and the whole torn up. It was again relaid and torn up a second time, the occupants of the premises being determined to resist a sidewalk in front of their stores four or five feet above the thresholds of their store doors.

As we passed yesterday afternoon we noticed that by a compromise a narrow guage had been settled upon, and the sidewalk was being laid *four* feet wide.

THE CHICAGO, PITTSBURGH AND FORT WAYNE R. R.—A GREAT ENTERPRISE NEAR COMPLETION.—To-day the C. P & Ft. Wayne R. R. Co., commence running their trains—both freight and passenger—through from Chicago to Pittsburgh without change, also to Cleveland, Buffalo and Cincinnati, without change of cars, making the trip between Chicago and Cincinnati, via Lima and Dayton, between breakfast and bed-time, and to the other points named, with proportionate promptness. A force of three hundred men are now putting the finishing touches to the line between Plymouth, Ind., and this city, and but for the delays caused by bad weather, the line would have been, ere this, in working order. For a short time only, the trains will leave the Van Buren street depot, in the South Division, over the Rock Island road and to the Junction, four miles south of this city, there to take their own line. A short time will finish the small remaining portion, and put the finishing touch to a railroad enterprise in magnitude and importance with scarcely a peer.

MATERIAL AID.—We are glad to be able to announce that the Gorman Emigrant Aid Society, a very useful and active institution among our German fellow citizens, at the late Musical Fair and Festival held a short time since in aid of this cause realized a net profit of $550, which is in the best of hands for doing good.

LAW INTELLIGENCE.

IMPORTANT DECISION IN RELATION TO NEGOTIABLE PAPER IN ILLINOIS.—*United States District Court*—George A. Groves vs. John A. B. Rollins. This was a suit brought upon a promissory note made by the defendant, a citizen of the State of Illinois, payable to one T. M. Avery, also a citizen of Illinois, *or bearer*. The note was transferred by the payee to the plaintiff, a citizen of New York, by delivery merely. H. N. Snyder for plaintiff, Scates, McAllister & Lovett for defendant.

The facts as stated above appeared in the declaration, to which the defendant filed a plea to the jurisdiction of the court. To this plea the plaintiff demurred, the court sustaining the demurrer. The effect of this decision is to overrule, so far as regards suits in the United States Court, the decision of the Supreme Court of Illinois, that a note payable to bearer is payable to order and can only be transferred by written endorsement, and sets out the rule laid down by several decisions of the Supreme Court of the United States, that a note payable to bearer is payable to anybody, and is not affected by the disability of the nominal payee, under the act of 1789, and that the local decisions of Illinois are not to govern the action of the United States Court in cases of this kind.

LOCAL AND GENERAL.

OFFICE OF MERCHANT'S POLICE, }
No. 36 Clark st., Nov. 29. }

As I have been informed that Paul Dennis (Mr. Pinkerton's Agent) has stated that I am going to give up my business and take off my men, and that he has all my best subscribers, without wishing to reflect upon Mr. Pinkerton for this very exceptionable mode his agent has taken to get up subscribers, I will simply to say that the statement has no foundation in truth, as I have not yet lost a single subscriber but my list has steadily increased since Mr. Dennis commenced canvassing, and has more than doubled since that time, but there have some half dozen of my subscribers patronized him, who are subscribing for both. G. T. MOORE, Merchant's Police.

I. O. O. F.—The members of Chicago Encampment No. 16, I. O. O. F., are requested to meet at Odd Fellows' Hall, this Tuesday afternoon, at 3 o'clock, for the purpose of attending the funeral of Patriarch Thomas Cook. By order of the C. P.

C. P. WINCHESTER HALL, C. P.
E. F. WHITE, Scribe.
Chicago, Nov. 30th, 1858.

WHEELER & WILSON'S SEWING MACHINES FOR A CHRISTMAS AND NEW YEAR'S PRESENT.—A very appropriate testimonial of a Father to his Daughter, a Son to his Mother, a Husband to his Wife's Brother to his Sister, or a Church to its Pastor. This is a life-time gift, of more value than gold.

GEO. E. CHITTENDEN, Agent.
n30-3-661-3t 167 and 169 Lake Street, Chicago, Ill.

☞ Gas pipes and meters will freeze up, but Lunar Oil will mark the little dots far below zero. n30-3-659-3t

☞ Rubbers selling off cheap to close a consignment, at the Rubber Store No. 21 Dearborn st., one door north of Lake street. Men's Rubbers 90 cents per pair; Ladies' Rubbers 70 cents per pair.

Also, Ladies and Gents Rubber Boots; Boys and Misses Overshoes, and everything in the Rubber line. n30-1w

☞ See advertisement of Quaker City Sewing Machine. I. CORNELL & Co., 139 Lake st. n29-3t

☞ See advertisement of Dr. SANFORD'S Liver Invigorator in another column.

TELEGRAPHIC NEWS.

Later from Europe.

ARRIVAL OF THE NORTH BRITON.

PORTLAND, Nov. 28.—The steamship North Briton, from Liverpool, 4 P. M. on the 17th, arrived this (Sunday) morning.

The Cunard steamship Europa put into Queenstown on the 18th inst. for coal, and sailed again on the morning of the 19th for Liverpool, where, it was expected, she would arrive on the 19th. She had on board the crew of the Hamburg schooner Bertha, whom she picked up at sea.

No news had been received of the steamship Indian Empire, which left Halifax, where she put in for repairs, for Galway, on the 29th of Oct.

The Ariel, from New York, reached Southampton at noon on the 7th inst.

GREAT BRITAIN.—Heavy easterly gales had prevailed around the English coast, and numerous marine disasters, with loss of life, are reported. No American vessels were among the sufferers.

Parliament had been further prorogued to the 15th of January.

FRANCE.—A commission from the French Ministerial Department has been named to fix the amount of indemnity from Portugal in the Charles and George's affair.

The Paris papers were instructed not to publish any extracts from the King of Portugal's speech on the opening of the Chambers.

Several Jews had been appointed members of the Council in Algeria, in order to show that France recognizes religious equality.

The project started by the British Government in the Ionian Islands, of ceding five of the islands to Greece, had been received with marked disfavor by the *French* ministerial journal.

SPAIN.—The government had triumphed in all the second elections.

An earthquake occurred at Seville on the 11th instant, and some buildings were badly damaged.

A Madrid telegram says that General Concha has been nominated Senator for life.

The Rif pirates had made their submission to the commandant of the Spanish possessions on the coast of Africa.

PORTUGAL.—Earthquakes at St. Ufis and other parts of Portugal had done considerable damage to property.

PRUSSIA.—The Swiss official paper, *The Bundesblatt*, is prohibited from entering the Prussian dominions.

INDIA.—The Bombay mail of the 25th of Oct. reached Suez on the 8th inst. Several actions had been fought near Lucknow, and a large number of rebels destroyed. The health of the British troops was very satisfactory.

Tantia Topee had retreated from Essaugur, first resting fire to the town, and entered Chimlane on the 9th of October. A portion of his forces was afterwards encountered by General Michael and entirely routed, with the loss of all their guns.

LATER FROM EUROPE.

ARRIVAL OF THE EUROPA AT HALIFAX.

Death of Robert Owen—Slight Decline in British Funds—Movement of French troops—Loss of French Frigate—The Mortara Case—India.

HALIFAX, 29th.—The royal mail steamship Europa, from Liverpool at 9 A. M. on the 20th, arrived here at 2 P. M. She passed the Persia, for Liverpool, off Holyhead. The Saxonia arrived at Southampton on the 19th inst.

The easterly gales which prevailed around the English coast had moderated.

The Turkish government had sent two steamers to the Chops of the Channel, to relieve vessels in distress.

Robert Owen, the celebrated religious and serial writer, died in his 88th year.

The session of Parliament was not expected to commence until the 23d of February.

Hon. F. Bruce, brother of Lord Elgin, is appointed British Ambassador to Pekin.

The 300th anniversary of the accession of Queen Elizabeth has been celebrated with Protestant demonstrations in various parts of England.

The British funds passed on Friday at a decline of ¼, owing principally to the long war of business. Bank stock was dull at the discount market. Money was more abundant at 2¾ per cent. and lower.

The French reinforcements of French troops have been sent to Cochin China in consequence of the resistance being organized in the interior.

A commission to consider the question of Negro emigration is appointed. The Port de Algiers is placed on the same footing as in France.

The French frigate Theophile had been lost near Cadiz, with all hands.

THE MORTARA CASE.—Letters from Rome assert that at the great Catholic Powers had addressed a remonstrance to Count Rayneval, one of the Jewish boy Mortara. The Pope replied that the boy's return to his parents was impossible.

Dates from Bombay mail of October 25th has reached England.

The ex King of Delhi has been sent to Calcutta.

The proclamation of the Queen's direct dominion over India was expected to be promulgated on November 4th. The event to be celebrated on a grand scale.

The Kurrachee arsenal had been destroyed by an explosion, four men had been killed, and one million pounds of powder destroyed.

ARRIVAL OF THE STEAMER "ILLINOIS,"

Later News from the Isthmus and South America.

NEW YORK, Nov. 29th.—The steamship Illinois, from Aspinwall 20th, arrived this evening, bringing the California mail of the 5th inst. and $1,816,500 in treasure.

There was a heavy gale at Aspinwall on the 10th, which continued with but little intermission till the 20th. During the gale the ship Telassar, of Boston, drifted against the steamship Company's wharf, carrying away about 100 feet of the wharf, and received so much damage that she sank in five fathoms of water, with 550 tons coal on board, which will be a total loss.

The steamship Northern Light, from New York, arrived at Panama Oct. 29th, and sailed on the 11th for San Francisco direct.

California news has been anticipated.

SOUTH AMERICA.—Valparaiso dates are to Oct. 15th. Callao to the 26th.

A revolution was talked of at Valparaiso.

Several arrests of regimental officers part of the line, but nothing of importance had transpired.

A fire had destroyed $60,000 of property in San Juan, De Dios street.

PERU.—The Equadorian Minister had demanded and received his passports and returned from Peru.

Castillo had been declared President, and Congress had passed a law authorizing him to raise 15,000 men, to supply funds for the war, to organize the National Guards, and declare war against Equador. Gen. Echenique is thought to be the author of the disturbances, his object being to direct attention to the North whilst he will invade the South, assisted by Bolivia.

The Equadorian Government have received a quantity of American rifles, and are rapidly preparing for war.

General Samroman had come down from Lima to dispatch the Peruvian fleet to blockade the Equadorian ports, now that war was definitely declared.

ISTHMUS.—The U. S. sloop of war Decatur was at Realejo.

Gen. Lamar remained at San Jose, Costa Rica, but nothing appears to have transpired regarding his mission.

Mr. Anderson, of Webster notoriety, died on the 9th of October of paralysis.

The Hermann brought Valparaiso dates of October 27th. She had no sickness or deaths on the passage. No news.

Captain Cavendish returns to New York, having resigned the command of the Hermann to Captain Patterson, his first officer.

There had been a heavy fall of rain on the Chagres River, and the railroad there was impassable for three miles. The water had subsided, however, without doing material damage, and the Illinois passengers crossed safely.

The John L. Stephens sailed on the evening of the 17th for San Francisco with 1,150 passengers.

Arrival of the California Overland Mail.

ST. LOUIS, Nov. 29.—The Overland Mail with dates to the 1st arrived last night. It reports that a battle occurred on the 9th between the volunteers under General Kibbee and a band of Indians in Klamath country, in which four Indians were killed and nine taken prisoners, and two volunteers killed.

The Circuit Court had appointed commissioners to proceed to the Almaden quicksilver mine, and examine into the condition of the property and report upon the expediency of appointing a receiver.

Business is dull, and the want of an arrival from eastern ports has left the merchants considerably embarrassed among importers and jobbers.

F. W. Lander, Superintendent of the South Pass Wagon Road, arrived yesterday en route for Washington, where he will report and write an Emigrant's Guide for the new road.

Important from Mexico.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 29.—The New Orleans papers of Sunday are at hand, containing the details of the Mexican news by the Tennessee.

The Vera Cruz Progreso of the 11th instant contains an account of an engagement of the forces under General Lallave at Tengopan and a body of Exchegary's troops who were endeavoring to effect an advance towards Vera Cruz by way of San Salvador. The Lulecgists were met first by Camacho and next by LaSlave who rapidly defeated them.

Vidmarri was gradually consolidating for a new movement against Moramon and is full of confidence. He states in his address that his losses were not so great as had been supposed, and especially that the loss of life was small.

Jail Burned.

HAMILTON, N. Y., Nov. 29.—The Madison Co. jail was destroyed by fire on Sunday morning at 5 o'clock. Several prisoners were incarcerated. They were taken to Syracuse. None escaped. Fire supposed to have been set by some of the inmates, hoping thereby to escape.

Missouri R. R. Bonds.

ST. LOUIS, Nov. 27.—The State Treasurer of Missouri has given notice that the semi-annual interest of the State railway bonds, due on the 1st of January, will be paid at maturity, at the Bank of Commerce, N. Y.

Foreign Arrivals—The Haidee Case—Death of Hon. Henry Bedinger.

NEW YORK, Nov. 29.—The steamship Arago, from Havre and Southampton, arrived to-day. She brought upwards of 300 passengers, among them Paulding Tatesil, bearer of dispatches of the new Japan treaty, Rev. Dr. Patterson, bearer of dispatches from Rome, H. Germain, French vice consul at New Orleans, bearer of dispatches from Paris, Mrs. Senator Gwinn, Hon. Wm. Aiken, Bishop Davis of S. C., and other notables.

The jury in the case of Ballister and others, engaged in the slave trade on board the ship Haidee, returned to-day a verdict of not guilty. The prisoners were remanded to prison on other charges.

Henry Bedinger, ex-Minister to Denmark, died suddenly on the 26th, at Shepardstown, Virginia.

Havana News.

CHARLESTON, S. C., Nov. 29.—The steamship Isabell brings Havana advices of the 25th.

Sugars were firm. Da N. O. 19½ reals. The stock at Havana and Matanzas was 52,000 boxes.

Sterling exchange had declined to 18 per cent premium.

Exchange on New York ½ per cent. premium.

It is stated that 300 emancipados of the negroes who were captured by the Spanish war steamer Venadeito had been placed at the disposition of the City Council of Havana, and were to be employed in repairing the aqueduct from Vento, and erecting buildings for those engaged in the work.

Railroad Smashup.

OSWEGO, November 29.—The passenger train which left Syracuse this afternoon, collided at Fulton with a freight train from this city, smashing both engines and injuring two or three persons, but none seriously.

Fatal Railroad Accident.

STRAUDSBURG, Pa., 29.—A locomotive on the Delaware and Lackawan R. R. exploded at noon to-day. The fireman was killed and two others seriously hurt.

Tragedy at Mattoon.

MATTOON, Ill., Nov. 29.—Last night a man named Hugh Harrison while in a fit of delirium tremens set fire to his house, by which himself, wife and child were burned to death.

Disastrous Fire.

INDIANA, Pa., Nov. 29.—Messrs. Radcliffe & Johnson's coal braker at Beaver Meadow mines was burned on Sunday morning. Damage $15,000.

The Newark Outrage.

NEWARK, N. J., 29th.—Francis C. Sexton, recently convicted of rape on Miss C. Wood, of New York, was this morning sentenced to eight years' hard labor in the State Prison, and $1,000 fine. A motion for a new trial was denied.

Acquittal of Hiram Cole.

CLEVELAND, Nov. 29.—Hiram Cole, charged with poisoning his wife at Chagrin Falls, Ohio, was acquitted yesterday.

Arrival of the Prince Albert.

NEW YORK, Nov. 29.—The screw steamship Prince Albert, from Galway via St. Johns Newfoundland, arrived this evening.

DIED.

On Saturday, the 27th inst., of Wheocian Croup, THEODORA ANTHONY, youngest daughter of Elliott and Mary D. Anthony, aged 4 months and 14 days.

At about five o'clock P. M. on Sunday last, Mrs. MARY JANE SEARS, wife of John Sears, Jr., Esq., of this city.

OBITUARY.

MRS. SEARS was in the meridian of life. She was a most affectionate mother, and possessed many highly estimable traits of character—very kind an l genial social qualities—with a remarkable intensity of mind and purpose in the conscientious discharge of the duties and uses of life. Her illness was very brief, but being prepared by a good life, death had no terrors. When assured that her hour of departure was at hand, she received the announcement with perfect composure. She retained her consciousness to the last, and closed her eyes upon this world with full confidence in Divine Providence, and in peace and serenity. She will long be held in most respectful an affectionate remembrance by a large circle of friends, who deeply sympathise with her bereaved husband and family.

The funeral will take place this day (Tuesday) at 2 o'clock, P. M., at the residence of Mr. Sears, 635 State street, to which all friends of the family are respectfully invited.

GREAT COST SALE TO CLOSE OUT THE CONCERN.

CLOTHING

—AT—

TAPPEN'S, 108 LAKE-ST.

—AT—

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.

Having determined to dissolve our co-partnership at the close of the present business season, and wind up the concern, we have started out to DEMOLISH COST. Our present stock having been manufactured by ourselves, thereby saving the Jobbers profit, as well as se curing BETTER WORKMANSHIP than can be obtained by purchasing at the East. We offer to dealers and consumitly to replenish their stocks at LOWER PRICES and with far BETTER GOODS than can be found ready-made elsewhere in town at any price.

TAPPEN BROS.
108 Lake street.

ONE PRICE ONLY.

☞ No Trust—Please don't ask it. no14

DRY GOODS

REMOVAL

P. PALMER

TO

112, 114 and 116

Lake Street.

JUST RECEIVED,

400 PACKAGES

FALL GOODS!

IN

SILKS, DRESS GOODS,
SHAWLS, EMBROIDERIES,
CLOAKS, HOSIERY,
DOMESTICS,

CARPETS!

DAILY ARRIVALS

AT

P. PALMER'S

112, 114 & 116 Lake St.

REAL ENGLISH

VELVET.....CARPETS.
BRUSSELS.....CARPETS.
TAPESTRY.....CARPETS.
MEDALION.....CARPETS.
THREE PLY.....CARPETS.
INGRAIN.....CARPETS.

CURTAIN GOODS!

Oil Cloths, Mattresses, &c.

WHOLESALE

DRY GOODS,

—FOR—

FALL TRADE.

(FOR CASH ONLY.)

300 PACKAGES

JUST RECEIVED AT

The New Stores,

112, 114 and 116 Lake Street.

P. PALMER.

Special Notice:

Possessing the blindest enjoyed by any other firm in the trade, I am prepared to offer DRY GOODS at less Prices than any other House in this city.

New Advertisements.

DON'T BE TROUBLED THIS WINTER by having your Gas Pipes and Meters frozen up, thereby subjecting you to an hyonance. Stop the gas and call at once at 67 Lasalle street, and get that which, for the same amount of light, is three hundred per cent. cheaper. The most BRILLIANT, NON EXPLOSIVE and ECONOMICAL light is the

LUNAR.

no30-1t-5629

TO RENT! TO RENT!—A DWELLING House in a pleasant neighborhood. One on Dearborn street near the corner of Huron, at $300 per year; or will rent one on Ohio street between Dearborn and Clark, if preferred, at $400 per year. Apply at No. 34 North Clark street to W. H. STICKNEY. no30-3t-5646

WANTED, BY A SINGLE GENTLEMAN, (established in business in this city), an unfurnished parlor, or parlor and bedroom with board, in an intelligent private family, reasonably near and within five or ten minutes walk of the Tremont House; for which a liberal price will be paid. Best references as to character and ability to pay required. Address Post Office box 1993. no30-3t

I. O. O. F.—TO THE OFFICERS AND MEMBERS of Union Lodge No. 9:—You are hereby notified to appear at the Lodge Room on Tuesday, Nov. 30, at 1 o'clock P. M., to attend the funeral of our late brother Thomas Cook.

Members of the Sister Lodges are invited to attend.
By order of the N. G.
no30 1t* HAMPSHIRE R. S.

WISCONSIN RAILROAD BONDS.—AN Eastern Investor wishes to purchase $5,000 to $10,000 of Mitchell, Gloves and Mocesins for Wisconsin City Town and County Bonds issued in aid of Roads now in operation. Inquire of, or address R. S. BOWEN, Room three No. 80 Clark street, up stairs. no30-1t-5648 Chicago.

Great Bargains in

DRY GOODS!

CHANGE IN BUSINESS.

DOWNS & VAN WYCK

Will Commence DECEMBER FIRST to sell their entire Stock of Goods at

COST FOR CASH,

Until Disposed of.

Come and Test the Fact for Yourselves.

DOWNS & VAN WYCK,

150 - - Lake Street, - - 150

no30 1d 9 1td w2w

GRACE GREENWOOD'S

"LITTLE PILGRIM."

The Cheapest and Best Periodical for Children Extant.

A new Volume will begin with the Number for January, 1859, in which will be commenced a story by MARY HOWITT, called

THE FAIRY GOD-MOTHER.

Also a beautiful Italian Story, called

LITTLE ANGELO AND HIS WHITE MICE:

BY GRACE GREENWOOD

Herself A host of other good things—So let. Poems. Anecdotes &c. by numerous and brilliant authors. Engravings. Its Circulation is LARGE, and is rapidly increasing. Now is the right time to subscribe.

TERMS:—*Only Fifty Cents a Year in Advance.*

☞ Specimen Copies, comprising Club

PRESS AND TRIBUNE.

TUESDAY MORNING, NOVEMBER 30, 1858.

Terrific Spiel Indeed.

It seems to be a mania with a certain class of politicians, that whatever valuable territory lies contiguous to our own is ours, because they want it, and because some national benefit may befal us if we have it. We know of no other claim which we can set up to Cuba, to any part of Nicaragua or Mexico or St. Domingo—upon all of which the slave-breeding Democracy have fixed their lustful eyes; and for any one of which they avow their willingness to go to war with all the world, and, if necessary, "the rest of mankind." We doubt how, as we have ever flouted the notion of further territorial acquisitions. The theory of our government, founded, as it is, on a professed equality in the natural rights of all mankind, to life, liberty and the pursuit of happiness, forbids the hope that we can successfully acquire and govern provinces after the manner of royalty; and the moral sense, to say nothing of the political instinct, of the people, are shocked when the incorporation of new semi-savage and dangerous elements in the body politic as constituent elements thereof, is claimed as the true policy to be pursued. But all territory acquired must be governed by power delegated to subordinates irresponsible to the governed people, or by an instant and equal union with the now existing States of the Republic. There is no middle course. There is no half-way house in such cases between Absolutism and Freedom. Whatever part of Cuba, Mexico or Nicaragua falls unfortunately to our lot, may be set up on its legs under the shadow, or in the leading strings, of a Protectorate; but no power can sooner or later prevent the exchange of the Protectorate for absolute dominion exercised in one of the methods that we have named. But leaving all considerations of the government of new provinces out of the question, and setting aside all domestic reasons why acquisitions, peaceable or forcible, should be deprecated, let us inquire of the supporters of the maxim, "Whatever is next to our's, is our's if we take a notion" "to have it," where are our robberies to end?

If not satisfied with Texas, Louisiana, Florida and California—all acquired since the adoption of the Constitution—shall we be more content with Cuba and a slice of Mexico? If the interest that now clamors for these, is not satisfied with the present territorial area over which it may extend and strengthen itself, how shall we satisfy its avidity when it is doubled in power for mischief by the conquests which it now proposes to make? Will not Yucatan, Guatemala, and New Grenada follow in the natural course of events? The quasi fraudulent who indulge the hope that the country may be rid of the Slavery agitation in which it is now convulsed, will do well to think twice before they add more strength to that pernicious element by which that agitation is kept up.

"Another Step in Advance."

In his recent speech at Jackson, Mississippi, Jefferson Davis, after fully and unqualifiedly indorsing the protest called forth by Gov. Walker, spoke as follows as to the policy for the future:

> It gives me pleasure here to say of him, (Mr. Buchanan) what I can assure you was said with equal emphasis in my hearing, that he would be sustained from the position he has taken, but will be sustained by the people, and fail, if fail he should, only in securing those rights and defying the tyranny of the people's will.

Only a brief period before addressing this "assurance" to his constituents, Mr. Davis had been at Washington, and he doubtless spoke by authority. The "step in advance" can mean nothing more nor less than a legislative vote for the Territories. The Richmond *Enquirer*, Washington *Union* and New-York *Day Book* will read Democratic authority—hence regard the adoption by Congress of such a code as due to the South by Constitutional right. The proposition is daily growing in favor in the slave-holding States, and the Democracy from that section will present an undivided front in Congress in support of it, and of the administration committed to it. The Democracy have no idea of giving up "agitation" until the Abolitionists of the Continent is complete.

The Indiana Senators.

The joint resolution by the Indiana Legislature declaring the election of Messrs. Bright and Fitch to the United States Senate, "illegal, void, and of no effect," has passed both Houses, the vote in the lower House being 51 to 49. The resolution requires that Bright and Fitch shall resign, but there is no power to compel them to do so. They will be forcibly ousted as intruders when the Senate meets, or the Senate will refuse to recognize their claims to seats. Of course they will not resign, and the question will be settled by the Senate, as it should be. Even they could not be ousted by the Governor of Indiana, for the Senate is the judge of the election and qualifications of its members.

Another Murder in Detroit.

An old man named Thomas Bring in Detroit, on Thursday, in order his wife and her paramour, Thomas Cook, by cutting their throats with a razor. The wife lives in the house of her daughter by a former husband, and has lived for 12 years; but the affair is said to have been premeditated.

The Presidential Race Ended.

The following are the remaining States for the Presidential race, leaving the New York seat yet undetermined. The result being a Democratic victory:

Alabama,	9	Delaware,	3
Arkansas,	4	Florida,	3
California,	4	Illinois,	11
Georgia,	10	North Carolina,	10
Indiana,	13	South Carolina,	8
Iowa,	4	Texas,	4
Kentucky,	12	Virginia,	15
Louisiana,	6	Wisconsin,	5
Maine,	7	Tennessee,	12
Maryland,	8	Mississippi,	7
Missouri,	9	Vermont,	5
New Jersey,	7	Total,	155

Three more votes would be necessary to a choice. Assuming a doubt that New Hampshire, Rhode Island, Connecticut and Kansas will add their eighteen votes to the number. Of course it will be a matter of importance to the Democracy of wiping it out by the admission of both of the Platform, whether the conductor followed, and tried in vain to persuade him to go back into the cars. After remaining a few minutes, he passed to the platform of the conveyance car, and from thence leaped to the ground. The train meanwhile running at the rate of twenty-five miles an hour! The train was immediately stopped, and backed up some distance, when a man, when the maniac was overtaken, and brought on to the cars. He did not seem to be injured, though in his mad career he must have somewhat paralyzed. On reaching Kalamazoo, he was left in charge of parties there, in whose custody he remained at last advices. He was evidently a gentlemanly appearing man, of florid complexion, sandy whiskers, and wore good clothes. If this notice should fall under the eye of friends of the unfortunate, they will be addressing the railroad agent at Kalamazoo.

Further on the train registered 45 miles an hour. We would commend to the notice of the Democracy of Michigan the following paragraph:

> The Democracy of Jewish Children.
>
> Detroit Paper, November 1, to the Democratic Press, maintains the following position:
>
> The Democratic party has adopted the name of Democracy, and it is entitled to the credit of it. It matters not that the Democracy of Georgia, Alabama, Mississippi, Louisiana, Texas, Arkansas, Missouri, Illinois, Indiana, California, Oregon, and Minnesota, have given popular majorities for the Republicans.
>
> In Ohio we elected a Democratic Governor, Democratic Legislature, Democratic Supreme Judges, Democratic Members of Congress, and Democratic State officers, and we have a majority of Democrats in Congress from Ohio.
>
> In Michigan we elected a Democratic Governor, Democratic Legislature, Democratic Supreme Judges, Democratic State officers, and Democratic Members of Congress.
>
> In Wisconsin we elected a Democratic Governor, Democratic Legislature, Democratic Supreme Judges, Democratic State officers, and Democratic Members of Congress.
>
> In Iowa we elected a Democratic Governor, Democratic Legislature, Democratic Supreme Judges, Democratic State officers, and Democratic Members of Congress.
>
> In Pennsylvania we elected a Democratic Governor, Democratic Legislature, Democratic Supreme Judges, Democratic State officers, and Democratic Members of Congress.
>
> In New Jersey we elected a Democratic Governor, Democratic Legislature, Democratic State officers, and Democratic Members of Congress.
>
> In Maryland we elected a Democratic Governor, Democratic Legislature, Democratic State officers, and Democratic Members of Congress.
>
> In Kentucky we elected a Democratic Governor, Democratic Legislature, Democratic State officers, and Democratic Members of Congress.
>
> In Virginia we elected a Democratic Governor, Democratic Legislature, Democratic State officers, and Democratic Members of Congress.
>
> In North Carolina we elected a Democratic Governor, Democratic Legislature, Democratic State officers, and Democratic Members of Congress.
>
> In South Carolina we elected a Democratic Governor, Democratic Legislature, Democratic State officers, and Democratic Members of Congress.
>
> In Georgia we elected a Democratic Governor, Democratic Legislature, Democratic State officers, and Democratic Members of Congress.
>
> In Alabama we elected a Democratic Governor, Democratic Legislature, Democratic State officers, and Democratic Members of Congress.
>
> In Mississippi we elected a Democratic Governor, Democratic Legislature, Democratic State officers, and Democratic Members of Congress.
>
> In Louisiana we elected a Democratic Governor, Democratic Legislature, Democratic State officers, and Democratic Members of Congress.
>
> In Texas we elected a Democratic Governor, Democratic Legislature, Democratic State officers, and Democratic Members of Congress.
>
> In Arkansas we elected a Democratic Governor, Democratic Legislature, Democratic State officers, and Democratic Members of Congress.
>
> In Missouri we elected a Democratic Governor, Democratic Legislature, Democratic State officers, and Democratic Members of Congress.
>
> In California we elected a Democratic Governor, Democratic Legislature, Democratic State officers, and Democratic Members of Congress.
>
> In Oregon we elected a Democratic Governor, Democratic Legislature, Democratic State officers, and Democratic Members of Congress.
>
> Whole Delegation 237
> Necessary to a choice 155
>
> According to the late elections for Congress, the following States have given popular majorities for the Republicans:
>
> | | | | |
> |---|---|---|---|
> | Maine, | 5 | Ohio, | 21 |
> | New Hampshire, | 5 | Pennsylvania, | 27 |
> | Vermont, | 5 | Vermont, | 5 |
> | Massachusetts, | 13 | Michigan, | 6 |
> | Rhode Island, | 4 | Wisconsin, | 5 |
> | Connecticut, | 6 | Illinois, | 11 |
> | New York, | 35 | Total, | 90 |
> | New Jersey, | 7 | | |
> | Total, | 125 | | |
>
> Three more votes would be necessary to a choice. We scarcely doubt that New Hampshire, Rhode Island, Connecticut and Kansas will add their eighteen votes to the number. Of course it will be a matter of importance to the Democracy of wiping it out by the admission of both of the Platform, whether the conductor followed, and tried in vain to persuade him to go back into the cars. After remaining a few minutes, he passed to the platform of the conveyance car, and from thence leaped to the ground. The train meanwhile running at the rate of twenty-five miles an hour! The train was immediately stopped, and backed up some distance, when a man, when the maniac was overtaken, and brought on to the cars. He did not seem to be injured, though in his mad career he must have somewhat paralyzed. On reaching Kalamazoo, he was left in charge of parties there, in whose custody he remained at last advices. He was evidently a gentlemanly appearing man, of florid complexion, sandy whiskers, and wore good clothes. If this notice should fall under the eye of friends of the unfortunate, they will be addressing the railroad agent at Kalamazoo.
>
> Further on the train registered 45 miles an hour. We would commend to the notice of the Democracy of Michigan the following paragraph:
>

Estate.

RE LOT.—WE CAN SELL ... 19 to-day. This is your chance to ... R. KERFOOT & CO., 48 Clark st.

RAP.—HOUSE AND TWO ... ble, on the west side of Halsted ... of Old street. Persons wishing ... cause will do well to give this their ... very low. Apply to ... E. H. KERFOOT & CO., ... 99 Lasalle Street.

RT LOTS.—TWO LOTS ... between Maxwell and Mitchell ... these prices will close ... only to E. H. KERFOOT & CO., ... 99 Lasalle street.

o Forest.

UNIVERSITY AT LAKE ... ans military band. Offices ... Railroad, has recently ... of 80 Academy Building ... Principal, and proposes to open a ... Seminary near, and for the pur... ... enabling it to settle in a ... Lake Forest, on the line of the ... Chicago & Milwaukee Railroad. ... Forest is a town between Chica... ... and a high order of schools, and ... that it will suit families who will be ... to secure and live upon the healthiest ... in the vicinity of Chicago. Persons ... have a few lots to spare ... and selecting the lots, will ... liberal terms and thereby ... price and reasonable ... Apply to or address ... DR. L. K. ROSANBERG, ... Practical Optician and Oculist.

AND EAR.

UNDERWOOD, ... OF THE EYE AND EAR ... ville, Ky., and more recently Pro... ... of the Ear and Throat in the ... of a "New System of Treating Di... ... of the Eye and Ear," which ... he has permanently established at ... Clark street, Chicago, at the WEST ... street, in order to adapt to the ... of the West the same system which ... exclusively now, per... ... been successful in ... all cases within the reach of human ... Send for circular. ... se20-26d-s2d

HARITABLE EYE AND EAR

Infirmary open every morning from ... ... Diseases of the Eye and Ear, No. 86 North ... of Madison, Chicago.

TRUSTEES:

President: C. V. Dyer, L. Haven, Vice ... ... Secretary: Wm. Blair, Jr., Treasurer: ... W. H. Brown, Y. H. Kinzie, A. B. ... Rev. E. L. Rice, M. D., M. Skinner, ... M. D.; Prof. J. W. Freer, M. D.

IS MAUSS,

cal Optician,

Basel, Pike & Sons, N. Y.,)

th Clark St., - 79

Inside the Court House.

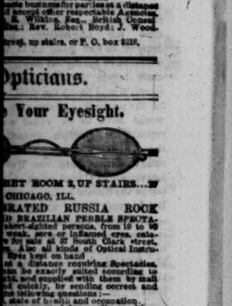
TURER OF MATHEMATI... ...ruments, Gold, Silver and ... ... for the best crystal glasses, Telescopes, ... and Drawing Instruments, Accu... ...ational Drawing Instruments, Accu... ...ical and Philosophical Apparatus, ... Pebbles. se20-26d-s2d

J. PHILLIPS

OPTICIAN AND OCCULIST, ... Dearborn street, two doors from Dearborn ... se7-26-1y-s2d

tionery, &c.

ded for the



Best Blank Books.

ON HAND:

Sealing Wax,
Steel Pens,
Lead Pencils,
Bankers' Cases,
Letter Boxes,
Pen Holders,
Money Books,
Pen Racks,
Twine,
Quill Pens,
Desk Pencils,
Cash Boxes,
Blotting Paper,
Ivory Tablets,
Quills,
Elastic Bands,
Calendars,
Ivory Folders,
Paper Files,
Book Rests,
Rubber Bands,
Red (Spool) Tape,

...ial Printing,

...ORATION OF ...
...HEADS, CIRCULARS, &c.,

...TLY EXECUTED AT
Stationer's Hall,
81 Lake street.

OAL.

...ON HAYDON,
...186 STATE STREET, CHICAGO.
...ness and Mercer street.)
...EGG, LARGE EGG, FUR...
...d Lump Coal, by the ton or carg...
...Lump Coal, Furnace Coal, Lump ...
...and Grate Coal, Erie Coal, ...
...Cannel Coal, Wood, sawed, split and ...
...ce at all the principal points ...
...ce.

AND WOOD.

...AT THE OLD STAND
...and Adams street, offers for sale ...
...and Split and Delivered, ...
...Hickory, Hemlock, and other ...
...Hickory and other Hemlock Stove ...
...and Coal carefully ...
...ISAAC COALS, ...
...214 Clark, corner Adams st.

CARB. AMMONIA,

...ing's Calc'd Magnesia,
...St. Thomas Bay Rum,
...ment's Arrow Root,
...phorus,
...nsiate Potash.

...for the ... at the ...
...35 South Water street.

Special Notices.

It has been currently reported that in most of the Western cities, the "Town Ball" tells every day at noon for the inhabitants to rub down quinine as a preventive of disease caused by malaria or the miasma. Of course taking quinine to a contagious habit and after one or two attacks of ague and fever, every one is well supplied with the adulterated drug and instructed to take it in large quantities if he would escape the Fever and Ague. Every house has its medicine chest filled with this dangerous stuff, and as regular as the hour comes around so regular do they gulp it down, although it was the virulent delicacy of the season. Dr. J. Hostetter, a good Samaritan of Pittsburgh, knowing the dreadful effects of quinine upon the human system when taken with no much inflammation, has prepared a compound which has in all cases in which it has been tried, proved a speedy cure for Fever and Ague, and all other diseases caused by the digestive organs. For sale by Druggists and dealers generally, everywhere. no23 2w

P. S. Cleaver's Prize Medal Honey Soap, the only genuine, will be found the best Toilet Soap in use, possessing a free and creamy lather, a lasting and delicate perfume, and warranted not to injure the skin, worse if counterfeited.

P. S. Cleaver's Musk and Extra Scented Brown Windsor and Glycerine Soaps. Also, Syracusan Tooth Powder, for the teeth and gums, to be had at all respectable Druggists and Fancy Stores in the United States. Depot of Manufactory in London. Wholesale Depot 31 and 33 Dey street, New York. oct3 hl34 3m J. C. ROYSTON, Agt.

A Card.—The Subscribers beg to announce that they have been appointed Agents for the sale of WALTHAM WATCHES, and that they are now prepared to offer them at Manufacturers' Prices.

They will guarantee the satisfactory performance of every Watch sold by them of this manufacture, believing as they do that the durability of these Watches and their accurate time keeping qualities recommend them in doing. CONSUMERS will not forget that in buying American Watches they avoid the numerous profits accumulated on the foreign article, before it reaches them, as well as the duties and uncertainty of importation.

J. T. & E. M. EDWARDS.
se20-26d-2m 161 Clark street.

All those who are afflicted with ANY Chronic disease considered incurable, will receive a Lecture giving information which will insure a speedy and permanent cure, by sending their name and one stamp (to pay postage) to Dr. E. B. FOOTE the celebrated Chronic Physician, and author of "Medical Common Sense," Sanitarium Bertine, N. Y. se11-2m&dy-s28d

Sawyer's Fluid Extract of Buchu, an infallible remedy for the Fever and Ague, and the train of Nervous Diseases, Intermittent, Remittent, Chill Fever and Dumb Ague, having their origin in malarial or very fertile and marshy districts, prepared by Dr. E. B. Sawyer, Druggist and Chemist, and sold by Sawyer, Foote & Co., No. 18 Lake street, Chicago.

This remedy is prepared entirely from vegetable substances, and contains no mercury, arsenic, or anything else that can prove injurious to the system. Its effects are those of a deobstruent and tonic, well adapted to restore the healthy action of the Liver and Stomach, whose functions are so generally impaired in this class of diseases.

Quinine and other tonics serve only in many cases to break the chills, but do not remove the diseases of the liver and other organs implicated, on which the chill depends; hence the usefulness of the "Town Ball" treatment of Bark," (particularly in regions where Fluctuations cannot be readily counteracted), which contains all the qualities united to the inflictions of the most malignant.

Sawyer's Fluid Extract of Buchu, an infallible remedy for Nervousness, Debility, &c., whilst the weaker sex will find by its adoption a sure relief from those distressing annoyances which frequently attend their delicate organization.

Dr. Valentine Mott, of New York, the highest medical authority, pronounces Charles' London Cordial Gin "not only superior to any other, but the best article of the kind he has ever seen."

His peculiarly adapted to settlers in the Southern and Western States, as well as for travellers exposed to changes of water and air.

For sale in quarts at seventy-five cents, and pints thirty-eight cents, by all Druggists, Grocers, Fruiterers, and Country Merchants. Beware of imitations. Buy only CHARLES' NONE OTHER IS IMPORTED.

May be had in Chicago, Ill., of PENTON, ROBINSON & SMITH, No. 15 South Water street; HAVEN, TYRRELL & CO., No. 87 South Water street.

WHITING & CO.
EDMUND C. CHARLES, Importer,
se24-26d-1y 79 Broadway, New York.

Notice.—The undersigned, Stockholders in the Merchant's Bank of Macon Georgia, are by instructions of its Charter, made personally liable for its issues. The notes of this Bank will be taken by us on deposit on the same terms as Kingsbury, Indiana and Ohio.

H. A. TUCKER & CO.

Wines & Liquors.

W. T. Shufeldt & Co,
MANUFACTURERS FOR:
A. F. CROSKEY,
Store - South Water Street, - - - - 51.
(Corner of Wabash Avenue.)

Distillers of
ALCOHOL, PURE SPIRITS, AND WHISKYS,
Also Manufacturers of
Domestic Liquors, Burning Fluid,
—AND—
DEALERS IN HIGH WINES AND RECTIFYING COAL.

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do	do	at	10.00	"	8.00
do	do	at	10.00	"	7.50
do	do	at	8.00	"	6.00
do	do	at	7.50	"	6.00
do	do	at	6.00	"	4.50
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do	do	at	5.00	"	3.50
do	do	at	4.50	"	3.00
do	do	at	3.50	"	2.50
do	do	at	3.00	"	2.00
do	do	at	2.50	"	1.75
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do	do	at	20.00	"	12.00
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Highly Interesting from Japan.

Mr. Harris' Progress with the Japanese.

(Correspondence of the Philadelphia Ledger.)
UNITED STATES STEAMER POWHATTAN,
SIMODA, APRIL 1859.

It is now two years since we sent our first Consul to Japan, in accordance with a provision of the treaty of Kanayawa, made in 1854-5 by Commodore Perry. He was brought here by the United States steamer San Jacinto, and "left alone in his glory," to the infinite disgust of the authorities, who told him to go away for a year, and then come back, by which time they should have a house built for him. Being thus unavoidably left upon their hands; they made the best of a bad bargain, however—gave him a large temple to live in, servants to attend upon him, supplied him with everything in the Japanese eating line, and finally began to look upon him and his secretary as rather pleasant additions to their society. Messrs. Harris and Henskins now began to look around them for amusement. They found the golden pheasant plentiful among the neighboring hills, and, when satisfied with gunning and long walks, the former turned his eye in the direction of Yeddo. After a while he received permission to visit that city in his official capacity, and the first thing that we know, he has obtained the signing of an important convention, and is again at Simoda. This convention was published in the United States in January of this year, and so I shall let it pass. The manner in which Mr. H. and his secretary went to Yeddo is interesting.

The Emperor sent him a body guard of one hundred and twenty men, and had comfortable houses to put up along the road for him to pass the nights in. He also sent him a large sedan chair, carried by twelve bearers, and so roomy that he put a mattress into it, and reclined at full length when he was tired of sitting. It is only about seventy miles from this place to Yeddo; but the country is so rugged and the roads so bad the first part of the way, that they were seven days in accomplishing the distance. Every night they stopped at one of the comfortable houses which had been prepared *expressly upon his account;* and after an early breakfast, resumed their road. Upon arriving at Yeddo they were lodged in the most commodious quarters, treated with the greatest respect and attention, and granted interviews with the Emperor.

The reader is of course aware that every one, foreigner or Japanese, who has heretofore approached the Emperor, has been required to do so *upon his knees.* This custom they were determined to adhere to in the present case; but, somehow or other, it had never before been so difficult to "tell the cat." "*Who* was to speak to Mr. H——— about it?" that was the question. Finally a Japanese Douglas stepped forward and offered to brace his huge shoulders to the task. The gentleman was not the most determined man in Japan; but then he was upon the most intimate terms of both social and political intercourse with "the American Legation." He therefore called upon Mr. H., and commenced the attack by begging that he would not be offended at what he was going to say. "Certainly not!" says that gentleman. But he has an inkling of what is coming, and a look of sudden and unusual gravity causes Douglas to tremble. Instead, therefore, of broaching the subject, he begs once more that "his Excellency will not be offended at something which he, Douglas, has been *ordered* to say;" and then coughs and looks behind him.

"Certainly not!" and an increase of gravity in the Consular's face. Corresponding increases of nervousness on the part of Douglas. Grand tableau, in which the American eagle is supposed to dominate. Final desperation of Douglas, and outbursting of the secret.

Mr. Harris listened quietly and kindly to all he had to say, and then replied with his usual judgment and firmness of manner. He told him that he was anxious to do everything that was consistent with self-respect to honor to the Emperor, but that this thing was out of the question, and had better not be referred to again. "Were Nipon to send a Minister to my country," he said, "he might approach our President in any manner he saw fit. He might kneel and knock his head against the floor, or he might bow to him and shake hands. There we allow every one perfect liberty; and it is but right, therefore, that I be allowed the same here."

"Very well! very well!" replied Douglas, half apologetically. And thus was settled this question "forever!" remarked Mr. Harris.

Mr. Harris has been twice to Yeddo since he was landed by the San Jacinto, and remained some three months each time. He speaks in most flattering terms of the primitive sympathy of the Imperial habits, of the absence of anything like magnificence about his palace, and of the general kindness and good feeling evinced by all classes toward him. He mentioned the case of one old lady in particular, who was even now engaged in the motherly task of making some warm wadded silk shirts, to protect him from the approaching winter. These acts are trivial, but they indicate very plainly the nature of the Japanese feeling toward Americans. Even the Emperor had loaded him down with kindness. When he was lying sick at this place, a special messenger arrived daily from Yeddo to ask after his health, and to bring him some present, expressive of the interest that was felt for his recovery. The Imperial Doctor was also sent to attend upon him. Such things as these have never before been known in the history of Japan.

Our able Consul-General has a very poor opinion about the majority of books which have been written about this country. "When will writers learn to write only that which they see? A man has no need of imagination here—truth is strong enough! We live in a world of romance, simply because (referring to writers in general) the truth is not in them!" He, however, speaks in the highest terms of Commodore Perry's course while out here, and mentioned many good results which are now flowing from it. "He was a man of great good judgment, and accomplished as much as any one could possibly have done under the circumstances." He said "upon one occasion I thought differently myself, but accepted his judgment as more likely to be correct (through a personal observation) than my own."

COMMODORE PERRY'S PRESENTS.

Speaking of Commodore Perry, I asked him how the Japanese had treated the expensive presents which that officer had presented them on the part of the Government, three or four years back.

"Well, I know I am going to surprise you now," he replied.

"You know that Commodore Perry gave them among other things, a circular railroad, and engine and tender, and a brass howitzer—one of the Dhalgren guns. They have a large house built for the safe keeping of this railroad, and every now and then take it out, lay the track, get up steam, and then away go a dozen or more high officers upon a circular pleasure trip. Japanese engineers have charge of everything, and are never at a loss in the discharge of their duty. I suppose that they will soon have a track laid from Kanayawa to Yeddo, but I doubt if the railroad will pay in any other part of Japan; the country is too broken. As for the 'boat howitzer,' they have had one thousand cast exactly like it, and mounted them in forts of their different ports. And now here is something else that will surprise you. Upon both Fourths of July that I have passed here, and once upon Washington's birthday, they fired a salute of twenty-one guns with these howitzers. Mr. Henskins and myself attended, with the American flag flying, and the people exhibited the greatest good feeling and enthusiasm. One might have almost imagined them Americans."

"What have they done with the electric telegraph that was presented them?" I asked.

"Little or nothing, I think. But I am not certain. They are making astonishing headway, however, in the groundwork for future intercourse with the world. Five or six months since they asked me, as a great favor, to be allowed to send a minister to the United States. My dear dear, I replied, I do not ask this as a favor, it is a right. Send a minister, with as large a suite as you choose, and you may be certain of a friendly reception."

"And would the United States furnish the transportation from here to the Isthmus?" he asked.

"Certainly," I replied, "and treat you with the greatest attention and kindness during your whole stay."

SIMPLE DRESS AND TASTES OF THE JAPANESE.

"Yes," I remarked, laughingly, "I can imagine a Japanese Minister and suite in the hands of the New York City Fathers. What a time they would have of it! How every theatre would throw open its door for them, and the crowd they would draw; and how Japanese reserve and love of quiet would be driven to desperation by the attention with which they would be surrounded. Are the officers and princes rich enough to make a grand display, or would they carry along with them their simple dress and tastes?"

"They would be just as you see them now," he replied. "We have no idea of the sound common sense, and want of everything like pretension, peculiar to those people. Take the Emperor himself, for instance. He is, as you may suppose, very rich, and yet I am positive that his table and clothing do not cost him $500 a year. Why that sum would not more than pay for the gloves of a Broadway dandy, with us. You have doubtless seen the thick, soft matting with which the doors of their houses are covered? Well, the doors of the palace are covered in the same way, and this matting serves as the Emperor's bed, as well as that of the poorest house serves as the bed of his poorest subject. He stretches himself out, with a wooden pillow under his head, and sleeps a sleep rarely granted to his brother Monarchs. To see a Japanese thus sleeping, with his head abruptly raised five or six inches, you would predict a stiff neck or future spinal affection as a general result; and yet there is not a more healthy people living.

"What did the Emperor look like?" one of us asked.

"Quite a fine looking man, with a soft voice and pleasant smile. I suppose he is some thirty-five years of age. In fact I know he is; for, as it is considered polite in Japan to ask one of his age and how many children he has, I was of course polite. Poor fellow! He has what one of us would consider a miserable wife. He does not live in the palace but once in two years; and then, as he passes through the town, every one must leave the streets and close the doors and windows of their houses. Their custom does not allow them even to look upon him. The temporal Emperor at Yeddo of whom I now speak; the case of the spiritual Emperor at Miaco is even worse, for he never leaves his palace. He is venerated so much that they cannot even run the risk of his being looked upon by the crowd."

THE JAPANESE JUGGLERS.

Mr. Harris speaks most interestingly of the feats of the jugglers, and of the theatres of Yeddo, as well as of the extensive stores. He says that the Prince of Cinano (Cinano-no-Kami) to whom Kanagawa was given by the Emperor confided his comfort and amusement fancying that he was having a dull time in the immence house that had been appropriated to him, called up some of his jugglers to perform before him and help him pass it. One of these was Mr. Anderson of Japan, and his feats was so wonderful that I am almost afraid to write them. I wish it distinctly understood, therefore, that I am only repeating what Mr. Harris told us, and what we consequently believe. Here are some of his feats:

No. 1. He took an ordinary boy's top, spun it in the air, caught it on his hand, and then placed it (still spinning) upon the edge of a sword near the hilt. Then he dropped the sword point a little, and the top moved slowly toward it. Arrived at the very end, the hilt was lowered in turn, and the top brought back. As usual, the sword was dangerously sharp.

No 2 was also performed with the top. He spun it in the air, and then threw the end of the string back toward it with such accuracy that it was caught up and wound itself all ready for a second cast. By the time it had done this it had reached his hand and was ready for another spin.

No. 3 was still performed with the top. There was an upright pole, on the top of which was perched a little house with a very large front door. The top was thrown up to climb the pole, open the said front door, and disappear. As well as I remember, the hand of the string was fastened near the door, so that this was almost a repetition of the self winding feat.

But feat No. 4 was something even more astonishing than all this. He took two paper butterflies, armed himself with the usual paper fan, threw them into the air, and, fanning gently, kept them flying about him as if they had been alive.

"He can make them alight whenever you wish! Try him!" remarked the Kami (Prince) through the interpreter.

Mr. H——— accordingly one night alight upon each ear of the juggler. No sooner expressed than complied with. Gentle undulations of the fan waved them slowly to the required points, and there left them comfortably seated. Now, whether this command over pieces of paper was obtained simply by currents of air, or by the power of a concealed magnet, Mr. H. could not tell or ascertain. One thing, however, was certain—the power was there.

FOREIGN THEATRES AND STORES

Let us turn from jugglers to theatres. It seems that there are only four of the latter at Yeddo, and that they are all alongside of each other. Hence, if a Japanese on the edge of the city wishes to attend one of them, he must take some foot exercise before being able to do so. I say that he must walk, for no one but the princes in Japan are allowed to ride, as a general rule, and *they must ride,* either in a chair or on horseback, as they choose. All the latter are said to be led by a groom on each side, and is never allowed to go out of a walk. While passing by these theatres, Mr. H. expressed a wish to attend a performance, but his princely conductor was very much shocked, and, telling him that none of the common people ever went to such places. If the nobility wanted to see anything of the sort, they made the actors come to them.

Speaking of the stores of Yeddo, Mr. H——— observed that we would be surprised at their size, at their contents, and at their great number of salesman, each of whom had his dozen or more of shopboys standing behind him to execute his orders. "You are entering the immense building, you see no goods at all," he said. "They are all stored in fire-proof buildings in the rear. When a customer enters and asks for anything, the salesman orders the shop-boys, the shop-boys apply at the fire-proof, the keeper of the fire-proof checks against each one that which he takes. The salesman makes his sale, each shop boy returns to the fire-proof his part of what he realizes, and at night the salesman accounts to his employer for the difference. Thus is business conducted in the large houses of Japan."

LEA & PERRINS,
CELEBRATED
Worcestershire Sauce,
Pronounced
—BY—
CONNOISSEURS
to be the
Only Good Sauce,
and
Applicable to
EVERY VARIETY
—OF—
DISH.

Extract
of a Letter from a
Medical Gentleman
at Madras
To His Brother
at Worcester.
MAY, 1851.
"Tell Lea & Perrins that their Sauce is highly esteemed in India and is, in addition, the most palatable and wholesome sauce that we use."

EXTENSIVE FRAUDS.

The only Medal awarded by the Jury of the New York Exhibition for Foreign Sauces was obtained by

COMMERCIAL.

Commercial and Money Matters.

MONDAY EVENING, Nov. 29.

MONEY, EXCHANGE, ETC.—The money market remains without any change whatever. Bank discounts are as usual 10 per cent., and exchange is plenty at ¼ per cent. premium. Currency is scarce and gold inactive, selling only at small lots at 7@13 premium. Silver rules nominal at 1¼@2 per cent. per month, with very little if any first class paper offered. Transactions very limited.

The St. Louis *Democrat* Saturday says:

Some of the private bankers report currency a little more plenty, coming in to-day more than it has for a week past. Comparatively few time bills are yet maturing, though some of the banks report a briskness in the exchange market. No change is noted in rates either of sight or time exchanges. On New York, par buying, ¼ premium selling. As the provision market becomes active, more demand is had for money.

The Cincinnati *Gazette* of Saturday says:

Business was much more active in financial circles to-day, than on Wednesday. There was a briefly denied run on money, and it was difficult to negotiate first class commercial paper at the rates heretofore current, the discount houses having fully as much as they could do in accommodating their regular customers. There is therefore a better selection of paper in the streets, where choice 6 months' notes are obtainable, the rates being from 12 to 18 per cent. per annum. Inside rates remain at 10 to 12 per cent.

There was an improved demand for Eastern Exchange, but there was still a greater increase in the offerings, and rates were decidedly lower. Checks of interior bankers on New York are closed at 1-10 prem. We heard of one sale of $10,000 at that figure. City houses drew in the regular way at 1 4-64@1-4 prem., and many were much more anxious to sell at these rates than to buy at par. Dealers took Philadelphia, Boston and Baltimore funds at par, and sold at ¼ per cent. par, but other parties found it difficult to obtain better than 1-6 discount. Considerable business is transacted in Southern funds the past few days, outside of the banks, at about 1-8 prem. for New York, and par to 1-8 for Philadelphia, Boston and Baltimore. In New Orleans there is very little doing. Gold remains dull. There are many bills offering, and owing to the growing scarcity of currency, rates lean in favor of buyers.

The Cincinnati *Commercial*, of Saturday, says:

Intelligence prejudicial to the reputation of the Charleston Bank, at Kanawha, based on the rejection of its notes by the banks at Wheeling, has placed its notes at a discount, and will probably result in their being thrown out altogether.

A correspondent telegraphs us from Parkersburg, that the Cumberland City (Maryland) Bank failed yesterday.

The last number of the *N. Y. Independent* has the following on the money market:

Money is as abundant on the market as ever. The bank returns show an increase of $751,528 on their daily average last week, reporting $56,776,741 the total amount, which is 28 per cent. of the bank deposit liabilities—a position, though strong, not at all too strong. The loans have been diminished $1,128,884, leaving, however, the large amount of $39,766,857. Money is in extreme abundance on call at 2@3 per cent., and at 4½@6 on time—30 or 60 days. Philadelphia is largely in debt to New York, and has been a seller of exchange for the past week. Baltimore the same. But some specie has again gone to New Orleans. The City Controller's statement of the debt is $300,000 at 6 per cent., redeemable in 1887. When obtained, will be immediately paid out. The whole Treasury continues also to disburse more than it receives. The arrangements of banks keep up a continual supply of money through exchanges on Europe. The exports of cotton the past week were unusually large, being 67,000 bales, nearly equal to $6,000,000 of exchange. Specie is not being shipped to Europe, while at this period last year there was a brisk shipping demand. The importations are moderate, and consequently duties are not so large.

DISCOUNTS.

There continues a great scarcity of good business paper offering for discount, and the action per is not plenty. A large line of the latter class, long-date, has been passed at 4½ per cent., the rate for single-named paper. The discount brokers quote as follows:

Prime indorsed bills, 60 days to 6 months.....4@5 per cent.
Single names, all dates.....6@7 " "

COMMERCIAL.—The Wheat market to-day was quiet but firm. There was an active inquiry for No. 1 Red, but holders were firm, and sellers had to pay 90c in upper warehouses, and 92@93c in lower houses. Spring Wheat was in good demand in favorite houses, and advanced 1@2c, with, however, very limited sales, at 86@86½c in store for No. 2.

The Corn market is dull. Ear Corn has declined 2@3c. Oats inactive. Timothy Seed quiet, with large proportion of receipts daily in and out of order. Highwines are firm at 23c, and most holders have advanced their views and are holding at 23c. Alcohol has advanced 6c per gal. Hides in good demand.

The receipts of Live Hogs, as is usual on Mondays, were light, and under a good demand, prices advanced to $4.50@4.85 per 100 lbs gross. For a very choice lot of Hogs $5 gross was paid by a city packer yesterday; but the Hogs were of very extra lot. The yards were entirely cleaned out to-night, and there are plenty of buyers awaiting the arrival of the trains to-morrow.

The market for Dressed Hogs was also better, especially towards the close, when it became evident that the soft weather was over. Heavy Hogs were in active request at $5.50@5.62½; and light, $5@5.25. This evening there is a decidedly firm feeling, and it is fully expected that the front which has set in to-night will bring an advance to-morrow.

The Provision market was firm, and orders for Mess Pork at the closing quotations of Saturday—$16—were on the market, but holders asked $16.25@16.50. In the afternoon, however, a lull took place, many of the orders were withdrawn by telegraph from the East, and the only sale effected was 1,000 bbls at $16 for January delivery. There is a good inquiry for Bulk and Green Meats but buyers and sellers are apart. There is an active inquiry for Lard, and we note a sale of 200 tierces at 10¾—the highest figure of the season. Tallow, is quiet at 9@9½c.

HOG AND PROVISION TRADE.

(From the Cincinnati *Gazette*, 28th.)

We let the Hog market on Wednesday evening in a condition somewhat disturbing to our prices under large receipts having a downward tendency. Yesterday, however, contrary to previous indications, there was a firmer feeling, and sales were made of good 200 lb Hogs, with no difficulty, at $6.50. This morning there was a further arrival of what the trade call country bulls, who pitched with a considerable degree of spirit, and, from the smoke cleared away, buyers and sellers were looking for a rush of business in a few days.

The heaviest lot yet delivered was a couple from Reuben Alphin, of this place, weighing (the hogs we mean) 607 lbs.

The Beef business, it appears, is a little more extensive than we first indicated. Gwynne, Nelson & Wills are about completing the packing of 300 head; Messrs. Bay, Little & Co., of Carson, 200; those of Powell & Co., of Freedom, 200. This Beef packing is a new business for our county, and will certainly pay better than to sell to drovers. We hope to see it become a regular institution.

(From the Alton *Courier*, 27th.)

The business in pork and beef has been lively all the week, and receipts large. As high as $6.35 has been paid for some fine lots, but $5.75@6.25 may now be considered the ruling figure for common, and $6.00@6.10 for good fatty and extra. Only two and next will be the business weeks of the packing season after which receipts will probably be very small. Our packers hope to close operations entirely by about the 25th of December. From 7,000 to 8,000 hogs are expected to arrive during the next few days. Beef quotations are steady at last week's figures—$3.50 for poor middling, to $4@4.50 for good and heavy.

The New Albany *Tribune* states that 3,100 hogs have been killed there. The two houses expected to kill 30,000 head during the season.

The Terre Haute (Ind.) *Road* has been doing a large business in transporting hogs this season. During the last five days it has taken over the road 501 car loads, averaging 50 per car, making 15,050, and 166 head of cattle. Much of the largest portion of stock were from Illinois.

At Milwaukee on Saturday, Dressed Hogs sold at $4@5.75; Live Hogs, $4.35@4.45 gross. Pork Barrels sold $1.37½.

At Toledo on the 26th, Dressed Hogs sold at $4@5.25.

Chicago Daily Wholesale Market.

MONDAY EVENING, November 27.

FLOUR—In fair demand. Sales to-day were: 50 bbls "Winnebago" Spring Extra, at 64; 75 bbls "Harvest" Sup. at 62.50; 100 bbls low Spring Extra, at $5.30.

WHEAT.—Worse.—No. 1 Red in active demand, with sales of 700 bu at 90c in store; 700 bu do. at 92c in store; and 800 bu do. at 95c in store. No. 2 Red entirely neglected. *By 12m*—Market quiet but firm. Sales to-day were: 700 bu No. 2 Red Fife in store; 700 bu do at 87c in store; 300 bu Rejected at 47c in store.

CORN—50 bu old No. 1 at 50c in store; 700 bu old No. 2 at 47c in store; 300 bu new Rejected, at 45c, on track; 1 car of Ear Corn, at 45c per 70 lbs, on track; 1 car do. at 40c per 70 lbs, on track.

OATS—Very quiet. Old Oats in fair request at 42@43c, in bags, on track, according to quality; new Oats, 39@40c do for 3.

RYE—32@33c per 56 lbs at depot.

BARLEY—Nominal at 60@65c, in store, for No. 1; 40@45c do for 3. Choice parcels, 75@80c, in bags.

HIGHWINES—Market firmer. Sales to-day were 100 bbls, at 21c.

ALCOHOL—Advanced 6c. Manufacturers' prices, 45c.

PROVISIONS—Sales to-day were, 1,500 bbls Mess Pork, delivered in January, at $16.50; last year, outside of the banks, at about 1-8 prem. for New York, and par to 1-8 for Philadelphia, Boston and Baltimore. In New Orleans there is very little doing. Gold remains dull. There are many bills offering, and owing to the growing scarcity of currency, rates lean in favor of buyers.

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Legal.

MORTGAGE SALE.—WHEREAS THE Second Reformed Protestant Dutch Church, a Society incorporated under the laws of the State of Illinois, and located in the City of Chicago, in the County and State of Illinois by Isaac H. Mead and John Mason Fer. ris, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and fifty seven, to secure certain Bonds issued by said Society upon the premises hereinafter described to Roswell B. Mason, of the City of New York, in the State of New York, and the said Roswell B. Mason, by his certain indenture of trust, bearing date the 1st day of December, A. D. 1857, and recorded in the Recorder's office of Cook County, in Book 42 of Deeds, on page 42, to which said indenture reference is hereby had, did convey the premises hereinafter described to Roswell B. Mason, in trust for the uses and purposes in said indenture set forth, and whereas default has been made in the payment of said note and the interest thereon.

Now, therefore, public notice is hereby given that I, Abner Taylor, Trustee as aforesaid, by virtue of said Mortgage and the assignment by the said Roswell B. Mason, of said Mortgage to me, and of said Bonds, will on the twenty-ninth day of November, A. D. 1858, at the hour of one o'clock in the afternoon of said day, sell at the North door of the Court House in Chicago, at public auction, to the highest bidder for cash, the following described piece, or parcel of land situate in the county of Cook and State of Illinois, to wit: All of lots twelve (12) in Erwin C. Lorner's subdivision of that part of the south-east quarter of the fractional quarter of Section No. thirty-four (34) Town thirty-nine (39) North, Range fourteen (14) East of Third Principal Meridian, described as follows, to-wit: commencing at the south-east corner of said lot twelve (12) running thence north on the east line, and thirty-two rods (32) north from the south line of the South half of the south-east quarter of said section, thence north sixteen (16) rods, thence west forty (40) rods to the west line of said tract, thence south sixteen (16) rods, thence east to the place of beginning, containing four (4) acres.

ABNER TAYLOR, Trustee.
Assignee of said Mortgage.
nov16-td-to9

Transportation.

ATLANTIC ROYAL MAIL STEAM NAVIgation Company's New York and Galway Line.—The next departure from New York will be the Steamship CITY OF MANCHESTER, Capt. Lang, on Saturday, 3rd December next, touching at St. Johns N. F. to receive the Mails, and for Passengers, (if required,) on the 4th; second, 31st; third, 28th; including fine tickets to Queenstown for the Irish and Liverpool for English Mails. Third Class rates provide plate, knife, fork and bedding. First Class, $80. Second Class, $60. Third Class, $30. For freight or passage apply to the Company's general offices on the lines of railway in great Britain and Ireland, or for 66, Broadway, New York.

H. D. COLVIN, Act'g Manager.
No. 20 Dearborn Street, Chicago.
New York, Nov. 15, 1858. nov16-1m

NORTH SHORE EXPRESS COMPANY

Fast Freight Line,

To and From All Points East.

The active agents of this Company are unsurpassed for the safe, rapid and prompt transaction of all descriptions of freight to and from the East via

EXPRESS FREIGHT TRAINS.

All communications for our charges or damages promptly adjusted on delivery of freight. We beg to refer Shippers to the Superintendents of the several roads on which we ship.

Chicago Office, No. 20 Dearborn street, opposite the Tremont House.

Delivery Office in New York at 73 Warner-st., Hudson River Railroad Passenger Depot; in Boston at Western Railroad Depot, and in Cincinnati at Little Miami Railroad Depot.

DREW & CO.,
Superintendents Express Trains.
WALLINGFORD & CO., 176 Broadway, New York.
CORNELIUS & CO., Boston.
oct28-1m

1858 1859.

GREAT CENTRAL SHORT LINE ROUTE

VIA

PITTSBURGH, FORT WAYNE & CHICAGO

AND

PENNSYLVANIA RAILROADS

TO ALL EASTERN CITIES.

CLARKE & COMPANY,

PEORIA, AGENTS, are prepared to contract Freights and Charters, by authority of the Companies named above, at the office of the undersigned, on the corner of Water and Lasalle streets, and at Depot of P., Ft. W. & C. R. R., Chicago, or at Depot, Liberty street, Pittsburgh.

The Offices of the Pennsylvania Railroad Company in the East are located at

No. 3 Astor House, New York.
No. 3 Exchange Place, Boston.
No. 45 Kilby street, Boston.
No. 10 Perry street, Hartford.
No. 99 Broadway, Philadelphia.
And at the General Depot, Philadelphia. [oct1-ly

For Cairo and New Orleans.

STEAMER NEW FALLS CITY.

THE SPLENDID FAST
Sailing Steamer
New Falls City

Will run during the coming Fall and Winter, between the above ports. For freight or passage apply on board.

LEAVING ST. LOUIS Oct. 10, '58, at 10 o'clock A. M.
do do Oct. 20, '58, do do
do do Oct. 30, '58, do do
do do Nov. 9, '58, do do
do do Nov. 19, '58, do do
do do Nov. 29, '58, do do
do do Dec. 9, '58, do do
do do Dec. 19, '58, do do
do do Dec. 29, '58, do do
do do Jan. 8, '59, do do
do do Jan. 18, '59, do do
do do Jan. 28, '59, do do
do do Feb. 7, '59, do do
do do Feb. 17, '59, do do
do do Feb. 27, '59, do do
LEAVING CAIRO Oct. 11, '58, at 7½ o'clock P. M.
do do Oct. 21, '58, do do
do do Oct. 31, '58, do do
do do Nov. 10, '58, do do
do do Nov. 20, '58, do do
do do Nov. 30, '58, do do
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do do Feb. 18, '59, do do
do do Feb. 28, '59, do do

For Freight or Passage apply on board or to the Agent at St. Louis.
oct14-td-1115

THE WESTERN TRANSPORTATION COMPANY.

CAPITAL.....$600,000.

OYRUS CLARK, President. JOHN ALLEN, Jr., Treas.
WM. FOOT, Vice President. DR. C. BRYANT, Sec'y.

DIRECTORS.

F. S. MARSH, Buffalo, JOHN ALLEN, Jr., Buffalo.
H. P. KIDDER, " HENRY FOOT, "
WM. FOOT, " HUGH ALLEN, "
CYRUS CLARK, " S. G. CRANE, Albany.
OYRUS CLARK, Jr., Schenectady. H. L. HURD, Detroit.
GEO. H. REYARD, "

Having completed its arrangements for the coming season, is now prepared to receive freight at the depot of the Company, at the foot of Main street, Buffalo, for New York, Philadelphia, Boston, Albany, Troy, and ports on the Hudson River, Erie Canal, Lake Ontario, Welland Canal and Erie Canal, at low rates.

The work of Lake Canal Enlargement is now advanced so near to completion, the Company feel warranted in the assurance that they will be enabled to give prompt use and dispatch between New York and Buffalo as to customers of this line.

THE WESTERN EXPRESS COMPANY,

Owned and operated by the Western Transportation Company, will run their Express from Chicago to Buffalo Railroad between Buffalo and New York and by Steam on Lake Erie.

EASTERN AGENTS AND OFFICES:

EVERETT & HUGH ALLEN, No. 1 Comties' Slip, New York.
HUGH ALLEN, "
AUGUSTUS COLSON, 3 Astor House Building, N. Y.
H. G. & C. FOOT, No. 1 Long Wharf, Boston.
C. W. TUTTLE, 16 River street, Troy.
WILLIAM POOLE, Albany.
LORENZO HURLBUT, Schenectady.

WESTERN AGENTS AND OFFICES:

J. J. TALLMADGE & CO., Milwaukee.
NORMAN B. HALL & Co., Detroit.
CYRUS CLARK & SON, "
HUGH ALLEN, Buffalo.

Oswego Market

By Telegraph.

Oswego, Nov. 29.

FLOUR—Wheat unchanged, with fair milling demand; sales 1,000 bbls at $5.75@6 for Red Winter; $6@6.25 for Amber Winter; $6.25@6.50 for White Winter. Rejected Flours have advanced to-day from $5 to $5.50@5.75. Lake Imports—31,400 bu wheat, 11,600 bu corn, 2,000 bu barley.

Canal Receipts—4,700 bu wheat.

Buffalo Market.

By Telegraph.

BUFFALO, Nov. 29.

FLOUR—Market dull but firm; demand confined to the extra Indiana, Michigan, Ohio and Canadian: 46.75@6.87½ for extra Indiana, Michigan, Ohio and Canadian: 46.75@6.87½ for extra Genesee.

GRAIN—Wheat quiet and steady; sales 20,000 bushels: 70@71c for Chicago; 84@85c for Red Winter; 86@87c for White Indiana. Corn in limited supply and good demand; sales 20,000 bushels; 44@45c for Canal; 46@47c for Lake. Oats quiet and steady; sales 5,000 bushels; 30@31c for Canada. Rye dull. Barley nominal.

PROVISIONS—Pork: sales 60 bbls at 15c.
Receipts of Flour, 5,000 bbls; Wheat, 5,000 bu; Corn, 20,000 bu; Oats, 5,000 bu; Barley, 1,000 bu; Canal Freights, 1½d.

PORT OF CHICAGO.

ARRIVED.....Nov. 29.

Brig Huron, Morgan, Two Rivers, 291 bbls chair stuff, 200 bbls potatoes, 25 bbls cranberries, 20 bbls apples, 20 bbls onions.

Prop Tonawanda, Palmer, Buffalo, 225 tons mdse, 10,000 bu barley.

Schr Champion, Williams, Grand Haven, 80 m lumber, 37 m shingles, 40 m lath.

Schr Peerless, Price, Muskegon, 120 m lumber, 10 m lath.

Schr D Cranmer, Portage, Grand Haven, 80 m lumber.

Schr Traverse, Perth, Eastern ports, 120 m lumber, 200 m shingles.

Sch Sarah, Spirit, Canfield, Pier Cove, 80 cds wood.

Schr Tricot, St. Joseph, 30 cds wood.

Schr Ocean Wave, Hall, Grand Haven, 45 cds wood.

Schr Meridian, Byron, Grand Haven, 45 cds wood.

Schr M Mason, Jackson, Oconto, 120 m lumber.

Schr Wm Nelson, Anderson, Oconto, 100 m lumber.

Schr Calcutta, Lotz, Pier Cove, 75 cds wood.

CLEARED.....Nov. 29.

Brig Huron, Morgan, Milwaukee, 85 bbls 1 wines, 30 bbls alcohol.

Legal.

MORTGAGE SALE.—WHEREAS THE Second Reformed Protestant Dutch Church, a Society incorporated under the laws of the State of Illinois, and located in the City of Chicago, in the County and State of Illinois by Isaac H. Mead and John Mason Ferris, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and fifty seven, to secure certain Bonds issued by said Society upon the premises hereinafter described to Roswell B. Mason, of the City of New York, in the State of New York, and the said Roswell B. Mason, by his certain indenture of trust, bearing date the 1st day of December, A. D. 1857, and recorded in the Recorder's office of Cook County, in Book 42 of Deeds, on page 42, to which said indenture reference is hereby had, did convey the premises hereinafter described to Roswell B. Mason, in trust for the uses and purposes in said indenture set forth, and whereas default has been made in the payment of said note and the interest thereon.

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Assignee of said Mortgage.
nov16-td-to9

Transportation.

ATLANTIC ROYAL MAIL STEAM NAVIgation Company's New York and Galway Line.—The next departure from New York will be the Steamship CITY OF MANCHESTER, Capt. Lang, on Saturday, 3rd December next, touching at St. Johns N. F. to receive the Mails, and for Passengers, (if required,) on the 4th; second, 31st; third, 28th; including fine tickets to Queenstown for the Irish and Liverpool for English Mails. Third Class rates provide plate, knife, fork and bedding. First Class, $80. Second Class, $60. Third Class, $30. For freight or passage apply to the Company's general offices on the lines of railway in great Britain and Ireland, or for 66, Broadway, New York.

H. D. COLVIN, Act'g Manager.
No. 20 Dearborn Street, Chicago.
New York, Nov. 15, 1858. nov16-1m

NORTH SHORE EXPRESS COMPANY

Fast Freight Line,

To and From All Points East.

The active agents of this Company are unsurpassed for the safe, rapid and prompt transaction of all descriptions of freight to and from the East via

EXPRESS FREIGHT TRAINS.

All communications for our charges or damages promptly adjusted on delivery of freight. We beg to refer Shippers to the Superintendents of the several roads on which we ship.

Chicago Office, No. 20 Dearborn street, opposite the Tremont House.

Delivery Office in New York at 73 Warner-st., Hudson River Railroad Passenger Depot; in Boston at Western Railroad Depot, and in Cincinnati at Little Miami Railroad Depot.

DREW & CO.,
Superintendents Express Trains.
WALLINGFORD & CO., 176 Broadway, New York.
CORNELIUS & CO., Boston.
oct28-1m

1858 1859.

GREAT CENTRAL SHORT LINE ROUTE

VIA

PITTSBURGH, FORT WAYNE & CHICAGO

AND

PENNSYLVANIA RAILROADS

TO ALL EASTERN CITIES.

CLARKE & COMPANY,

PEORIA, AGENTS, are prepared to contract Freights and Charters, by authority of the Companies named above, at the office of the undersigned, on the corner of Water and Lasalle streets, and at Depot of P., Ft. W. & C. R. R., Chicago, or at Depot, Liberty street, Pittsburgh.

The Offices of the Pennsylvania Railroad Company in the East are located at

No. 3 Astor House, New York.
No. 3 Exchange Place, Boston.
No. 45 Kilby street, Boston.
No. 10 Perry street, Hartford.
No. 99 Broadway, Philadelphia.
And at the General Depot, Philadelphia. [oct1-ly

For Cairo and New Orleans.

STEAMER NEW FALLS CITY.

THE SPLENDID FAST
Sailing Steamer
New Falls City

Will run, during the coming Fall and Winter, between the above ports. For freight or passage apply on board.

LEAVING ST. LOUIS Oct. 10, '58, at 10 o'clock A. M.
do do Oct. 20, '58, do do
do do Oct. 30, '58, do do
do do Nov. 9, '58, do do
do do Nov. 19, '58, do do
do do Nov. 29, '58, do do
do do Dec. 9, '58, do do
do do Dec. 19, '58, do do
do do Dec. 29, '58, do do
do do Jan. 8, '59, do do
do do Jan. 18, '59, do do
do do Jan. 28, '59, do do
do do Feb. 7, '59, do do
do do Feb. 17, '59, do do
do do Feb. 27, '59, do do
LEAVING CAIRO Oct. 11, '58, at 7½ o'clock P. M.
do do Oct. 21, '58, do do
do do Oct. 31, '58, do do
do do Nov. 10, '58, do do
do do Nov. 20, '58, do do
do do Nov. 30, '58, do do
do do Dec. 10, '58, do do
do do Dec. 20, '58, do do
do do Dec. 30, '58, do do
do do Jan. 9, '59, do do
do do Jan. 19, '59, do do
do do Jan. 29, '59, do do
do do Feb. 8, '59, do do
do do Feb. 18, '59, do do
do do Feb. 28, '59, do do

For Freight or Passage apply on board or to the Agent at St. Louis.
oct14-td-1115

THE WESTERN TRANSPORTATION COMPANY.

CAPITAL.....$600,000.

OYRUS CLARK, President. JOHN ALLEN, Jr., Treas.
WM. FOOT, Vice President. DR. C. BRYANT, Sec'y.

DIRECTORS.

F. S. MARSH, Buffalo, JOHN ALLEN, Jr., Buffalo.
H. P. KIDDER, " HENRY FOOT, "
WM. FOOT, " HUGH ALLEN, "
CYRUS CLARK, " S. G. CRANE, Albany.
OYRUS CLARK, Jr., Schenectady. H. L. HURD, Detroit.
GEO. H. REYARD, "

Having completed its arrangements for the coming season, is now prepared to receive freight at the depot of the Company, at the foot of Main street, Buffalo, for New York, Philadelphia, Boston, Albany, Troy, and ports on the Hudson River, Erie Canal, Lake Ontario, Welland Canal and Erie Canal, at low rates.

The work of Lake Canal Enlargement is now advanced so near to completion, the Company feel warranted in the assurance that they will be enabled to give prompt use and dispatch between New York and Buffalo as to customers of this line.

THE WESTERN EXPRESS COMPANY,

Owned and operated by the Western Transportation Company, will run their Express from Chicago to Buffalo Railroad between Buffalo and New York and by Steam on Lake Erie.

EASTERN AGENTS AND OFFICES:

EVERETT & HUGH ALLEN, No. 1 Comties' Slip, New York.
HUGH ALLEN, "
AUGUSTUS COLSON, 3 Astor House Building, N. Y.
H. G. & C. FOOT, No. 1 Long Wharf, Boston.
C. W. TUTTLE, 16 River street, Troy.
WILLIAM POOLE, Albany.
LORENZO HURLBUT, Schenectady.

WESTERN AGENTS AND OFFICES:

J. J. TALLMADGE & CO., Milwaukee.
NORMAN B. HALL & Co., Detroit.
CYRUS CLARK & SON, "
HUGH ALLEN, Buffalo.

Oswego Market

By Telegraph.

Oswego, Nov. 29.

FLOUR—Wheat unchanged, with fair milling demand; sales 1,000 bbls at $5.75@6 for Red Winter; $6@6.25 for Amber Winter; $6.25@6.50 for White Winter. Rejected Flours have advanced to-day from $5 to $5.50@5.75. Lake Imports—31,400 bu wheat, 11,600 bu corn, 2,000 bu barley.

Canal Receipts—4,700 bu wheat.

Buffalo Market.

By Telegraph.

BUFFALO, Nov. 29.

FLOUR—Market dull but firm; demand confined to the extra Indiana, Michigan, Ohio and Canadian: 46.75@6.87½ for extra Indiana, Michigan, Ohio and Canadian: 46.75@6.87½ for extra Genesee.

GRAIN—Wheat quiet and steady; sales 20,000 bushels: 70@71c for Chicago; 84@85c for Red Winter; 86@87c for White Indiana. Corn in limited supply and good demand; sales 20,000 bushels; 44@45c for Canal; 46@47c for Lake. Oats quiet and steady; sales 5,000 bushels; 30@31c for Canada. Rye dull. Barley nominal.

PROVISIONS—Pork: sales 60 bbls at 15c.
Receipts of Flour, 5,000 bbls; Wheat, 5,000 bu; Corn, 20,000 bu; Oats, 5,000 bu; Barley, 1,000 bu; Canal Freights, 1½d.

PORT OF CHICAGO.

ARRIVED.....Nov. 29.

Brig Huron, Morgan, Two Rivers, 291 bbls chair stuff, 200 bbls potatoes, 25 bbls cranberries, 20 bbls apples, 20 bbls onions.

Prop Tonawanda, Palmer, Buffalo, 225 tons mdse, 10,000 bu barley.

Schr Champion, Williams, Grand Haven, 80 m lumber, 37 m shingles, 40 m lath.

Schr Peerless, Price, Muskegon, 120 m lumber, 10 m lath.

Schr D Cranmer, Portage, Grand Haven, 80 m lumber.

Schr Traverse, Perth, Eastern ports, 120 m lumber, 200 m shingles.

Sch Sarah, Spirit, Canfield, Pier Cove, 80 cds wood.

Schr Tricot, St. Joseph, 30 cds wood.

Schr Ocean Wave, Hall, Grand Haven, 45 cds wood.

Schr Meridian, Byron, Grand Haven, 45 cds wood.

Schr M Mason, Jackson, Oconto, 120 m lumber.

Schr Wm Nelson, Anderson, Oconto, 100 m lumber.

Schr Calcutta, Lotz, Pier Cove, 75 cds wood.

CLEARED.....Nov. 29.

Brig Huron, Morgan, Milwaukee, 85 bbls 1 wines, 30 bbls alcohol.

Legal.

MORTGAGE SALE.—WHEREAS THE Second Reformed Protestant Dutch Church, a Society incorporated under the laws of the State of Illinois, and located in the City of Chicago, in the County and State of Illinois by Isaac H. Mead and John Mason Ferris, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and fifty seven, to secure certain Bonds issued by said Society upon the premises hereinafter described to Roswell B. Mason, of the City of New York, in the State of New York, and the said Roswell B. Mason, by his certain indenture of trust, bearing date the 1st day of December, A. D. 1857, and recorded in the Recorder's office of Cook County, in Book 42 of Deeds, on page 42, to which said indenture reference is hereby had, did convey the premises hereinafter described to Roswell B. Mason, in trust for the uses and purposes in said indenture set forth, and whereas default has been made in the payment of said note and the interest thereon.

Now, therefore, public notice is hereby given that I, Abner Taylor, Trustee as aforesaid, by virtue of said Mortgage and the assignment by the said Roswell B. Mason, of said Mortgage to me, and of said Bonds, will on the twenty-ninth day of November, A. D. 1858, at the hour of one o'clock in the afternoon of said day, sell at the North door of the Court House in Chicago, at public auction, to the highest bidder for cash, the following described piece, or parcel of land situate in the county of Cook and State of Illinois, to wit: All of lots twelve (12) in Erwin C. Lorner's subdivision of that part of the south-east quarter of the fractional quarter of Section No. thirty-four (34) Town thirty-nine (39) North, Range fourteen (14) East of Third Principal Meridian, described as follows, to-wit: commencing at the south-east corner of said lot twelve (12) running thence north on the east line, and thirty-two rods (32) north from the south line of the South half of the south-east quarter of said section, thence north sixteen (16) rods, thence west forty (40) rods to the west line of said tract, thence south sixteen (16) rods, thence east to the place of beginning, containing four (4) acres.

ABNER TAYLOR, Trustee.
Assignee of said Mortgage.
nov16-td-to9

Insurance.

Northwestern Insurance Comp'y,

OSWEGO, NEW YORK.

(INCORPORATED IN 1853.)

Capital 150,000—With a Large Surplus.

THE PUBLIC ARE RESPECTFULLY INformed that Mr. JULIUS WHITE has been appointed agent of this Company, and is now authorized to issue and renew policies.

Mr. WHITE is authorized to adjust and pay all losses and to cancel and return premiums.

JAMES HART, President.
A.P. LEROY, Sec'y.

☞ The undersigned will be happy to see his friends and the public of the old Northwestern agency, at the Office, No. 16½ South Water street, assuring them that our rates shall be as low as those of any other reputable Company. JULIUS WHITE.
Chicago, Sept. 1, 1858. sep1-1m
Agent.

BY STATE AUTHORITY.

Choice First-Class Insurance

—IN THE—

Incorporated 1819—Charter Perpetual.

CASH CAPITAL.....$1,000,000.

[Absolute and Unhazarded
With a Surplus of $686,140 76.

And the oldest and very largest Insurance Company in the United States.

ASSETS, JULY 1st, 1858.

Cash on hand and deposited in Hartford Banks.....$178,124 15
Cash in transit, sent for collection.....144,776 68
U. S. Treasury Notes, 8 per cent. Interest.....100,000 00
16 State Bonds.....142,550 00
Money due on call, amply secured by marketable collaterals.....4,218 64
Real Estate unincumbered.....4,000 00
Bills receivable.....44,469 14
MARKETABLE STOCKS—
161